# GREENSBORO TELEGRAM.

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State Library

### WALKED WITH A CRAZY MAN.

**Officer Whittington Escorted a Demented Negro Around Town---Thought He Had Money in the Bank.**

Officer Whittington has had experience with all manner of men during the years he has been on the police force of Greensboro, but not until yesterday did he unknowingly walk around the streets with a crazy man. The individual who had been bereft of reason was a negro by the name of Cooper. In the Police Court he had been fined $5 for being engaged in a row with several women.

When the Mayor rendered the verdict the prisoner said he didn't have the amount in his pocket, but asked Mr. Whittington to go with him to the bank, where he had $164 on deposit When informed that the banks were closed, he said he would go by and tell Mr. Sherwood to pay the fine from his deposit. Mr. Whittington went with the negro to the Greensboro National Bank, where it was ascertained that he had no money on deposit in that instiiution. The negro expressed considerable surprise at this statement and insisted that a mistake had been made, saying he had a pass book which showed that the bank owed him exactly $164.

Thinking the prisoner's intention was to kill time, Officer Whittington was about to escort him to jail, when Cooper remembered that he had a firm friend in the person of Mr. C. C. Collins, the Southern Express Company's agent, and asked to be taken to him. On their way to the express office the negro expressed confidence that Mr. Collins would gladly pay the fine, saying he had often befriended him, at one time paying a doctor's bill of $55 for him. Mr. Collins, however, had no such recollection and could notsee his way clear to donate $5 to keep the fellow off the county roads.

As a last resort, Cooper asked to be allowed to forfeit a gun which he had ordered and which was then lying in the express office. When told that he had no gun nor any other package in the express office, the negro became excited and protested that he had b en notified to call for one of the finest six-shooters manufactured.

All this wild talk aroused the suspicion of the officer, who looked at the negro closely and saw that something was wrong. The glare of a maniac had taken the place of the steady stare in his eye, and Mr. Whittington began to think of getting him to a place of safety. On their way up street they met Mr. Tom McLean, who was accosted with a demand to fork over $5 to pay a fine imposed by the ruthless hand of the law. Officer Whittington tightened his grip around the demented negro's arm and hurried him off to jail, where he was placed in a cell for safe keeping.

Cooper has just recovered from a severe spell of illness, which probably left his mind in a weakened condition, though so far as known. he never showed signs of being demented until yesterday afternoon.

### OPTICIANS IN SESSION.

**The First Session Since Their Organization in Charlotte.**

The first session of the North Carolina State Optical Society met in the reading room of the Southern Loan and Trust Company's building this afternoon. After transacting some minor business an adjournment was taken until tomorrow. There is a good attendance of the opticians of the State, and the indications are that the meeting will be both pleasant and profitable.

The local opticians have the visitors in hand and are looking after their comfort.

The State Optical Society was organized in Charlotte on May 23, with 18 or 20 members. This number has been considerably increased since that time, several joining here to-day. The society was organized for the mutual protection and benefit of the opticians of the State. The following are the officers:

President—Dr. S. R. Peck, Charlotte.

Vice-President—Dr. W. P. Hedrick, Taylorsville.

Secretary—Dr. W. H. Leonard, Winston.

Treasurer—Dr. F. R. Mahler, Raleigh.

## LOSSES WILL FOOT UP $40,000

### HIGH POINT WAS POORLY INSURED

**Those Who Lost and the Amount of Their Insurance—In Addition to the Fire, Mud and Water Did Great Damage to Goods. The Burnt District Will be Rebuilt—Mr. Ragan's Barn Burned.**

High Point, Aug. 22--The loss by fire and damage to property here yesterday afternoon is now estimated to be about $40,000. Mr. Wilkerson, of the steam laundry, puts his loss at about $2,000; insured for $500 in the North British Mercantile Insurance Company. J. W. Sechrest, undertaker, suffered a small loss, as did Mr. Bodenhamer, and Cecil & Falls, who conducted livery stables adjoining the laundry. The stable occupied by Mr. Bodenhamer was the property of Mr. Amos Ragan and was valued at about $400. The building occupied by Cecil & Falls was the property of Mr. M. J. Wrenn and was worth about the same amount. Neither of the buildings was insured.

The building in which was located the laundry and undertaking establishment belonged to Mr. J. J. Welch and cost about $1,000. The loss is about half covered by insurance in the Southern Insurance Company. Mr. Welch also lost 500 bushels of wheat, which is equivalent to about $400.

The Groome building was valued at some six or seven thousand dollars, and was insured for about half its value.

Sapp's Racket Store carried a stock of goods valued at $6,000 or $7,000. The loss is about half covered by insurance in the following companies: Pacific, Manchester, American, Phoenix and North Carolina Home.

The Opera House Company and the Jr. O. U. A. M. order sustained no little damage to their fixtures, with no insurance.

Mr. G. W. Spencer, grocer, carried a stock valued at $1,000, partly covered by insurance. Most of the goods were saved, but were badly damaged. He was insured in the London Insurance Corporation.

The Matton-Turner building was a substantial structure, originally costing $3,000. It was insured for about half this amount in the Virginia Fire and Marine Insurance Company.

G. H. Kearns & Bro., who did business in this building, carried about $1,200 worth of goods. Most of the stock was saved, but is badly damaged. They carried some insurance with the Hartford.

The Ham Lindsay building, which was in close proximity, was gutted by fire in the upper story and finally demolished by the walls of the Turner-Matton building falling against it. Loss to this building is about $1,000, insured for one half.

Most of the property was partially covered by insurance. The greatest loss to store goods was by breakage, mud and water. They were carried to the street and scattered in every direction. The rain damaged the same to a great extent.

Mr. Wilkinson's loss is especially to be deplored. He is a young man just starting in life and had come here and was doing well from the start. We are glad to know that Mr. Wilkinson will open up again.

Goods from across the street on the south side of the Groom building were moved from the store of H. Harris & Bro., the photograph gallery of J. E. Jones, up-stairs, and at other places on the block. Messrs. Harris & Bro. lost heavily by damage to their large stock. The large skylight of Photographer Jones was broken by the heat and his furniture and fixtures damaged considerably.

It was reported last night that a man was supposed to have been killed by falling debris in the Ham Lindsay building, but there seems to be no truth in the report.

The barn of Amos Ragan was destroyed by lightning yesterday.

**The Tom Thumb Wedding.**

The Tom Thumb wedding will take place in the Banner warehouse next Tuesday night. The ceremony can be witnessed for the small sum of 5 cents, and for 10 cents extra a look can be taken at the living library.

Music will be furnished by the Greensboro Orchestral club.

The proceeds will go to the charity and help department of the West Market Street Epworth League.

### CHAFFEE LOST SIX MEN.

**The Fighting of Two Days Make This Loss in Killed, and Thirty Wounded—Captain Reilly Killed -- Americans the First to Enter the Imperial City.**

By Wire to the Telegram.

Washington, Aug. 22. — Admiral Remey cables the Navy Department from Taku on the 20th: "Dickens' command is landing today. On the 16th all except the Imperial city of Pekin was cleared of Chinese troops. The American troops were first to enter the Imperial city, and had penetrated to the walls of the palace. On the morning of the 19th the Sixth Cavalry and about 1,000 Boxers fought eight miles outside of Tien-Tsin. About 100 Chinese were killed and five Americans wounded. In two days of fighting General Chaffee lost six killed and thirty wounded. Captain Reilly, of the Sixth Artillery, was killed on the 15th."

An official dispatch to Tokio says that the Japanese entered Pekin on the 17th, and that the Empress Dowager and the Emperor and their minister left Pekin that day with two thousand troops.

PREPARING TO GUARD LINE OF COMMUNICATION.

Tien Tsin, Aug. 17.—The Chinese are reported reassembling around Pietang, 40 miles from here, in the rear of the allied army now in Pekin They may try to cut off our relief column. Five thousand Chinese troops have started from Sung-Lu-Ching for Pietang. Two thousand other Chinese troops are hurrying to Tung-Chow. It is believed that a large force of Chinese troops are in the field between here and Pekin, and active preparations are making to guard the line of communications.

### TWO KILLED; SEVEN INJURED.

**A Light Engine Dashes Into a Freight Drawn by Two Engines.**

By Wire to the Telegram.

Tazewell, Va.—A wreck at Maxwell on the Norfolk and Western road resulted in the death of two men and the injury of seven others. The dead are: Engineer Allen and fireman Marshall; the injured: fireman Bysach and Engineer George Smith, fireman Keith, flagman Nash, Walter Glenn, Henry Johnson. The Falls Mills light engine was running at forty miles an hour and collided with a freight drawn by two engines.

**Philadelphia's Population.**

By Wire to The Telegram.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The population of Philadelphia is 1,293,697, an increase of 246,733 since the last census, or 23.57 per cent.

**News Worth Reading.**

The Bee-Hive is closing out all summer goods at greatly reduced prices Read their new ad on the second page of this issue.

"Gentle grip glasses" is the topic of an interesting ad in Drs. Moore's space to-day.

If you are interested in bonds and insurance read Waddell & Co's. new ad to-day.

If you have money to lend see penny column ads to-day.

**Do Not Believe That Judge Boyd Will Campaign.**

The report that Judge James E. Boyd is to take part in the National campaign this fall, speaking for McKinley and Roosevelt, is not believed by his friends in Greensboro. It is not customary for either Federal or Superior Court judges to enter actively into a political campain, and it is not believed that Judge Boyd will do so.

**The Concert Tomorrow Night.**

The Gate City Band's open air concert on the court house lawn tomorrow night will be a pleasant affair. Those who attend may expect to hear some splendid music. Cream, cake and other refreshments will be served by the inimitable Jim West.

**To Advertisers.**

The Telegram desires its advertisers to bring their ads. in by ten o'clock of the day they desire an insertion. This will insure them a better service in every way, as it gives the printer time to properly set and correct them.

# STATE'S TRIBUTE

## UNVEILING OF VANCE STATUE

### Immense Crowd Witnesses the Ceremonies, Having Gathered From All Sections of the State—A Day Long to Be Remembered—Richard H. Battle's Fine Oration—History of the Monument Movement—Vance's Wonderful Career—The Monument.

Special Dispatch to The Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 22.—Today the capital city literally overflowed with the crowds from all sections of the State, gathered to witness the unveiling of the bronze statue of North Carolina's well-beloved son, erected by the private effort of the Vance Monument Association, supplemented by the $5,000 contribution by the Legislature of 1899. The people began to pour in yesterday, individually and by organizations.

The procession formed in front of Metropolitan Hall at 11:30 and moved to the capitol square in the following order:

Platoon of Police.
Raleigh Cornet Band.
Confederate Veterans.
Governor's Guard and other military organizations, including the Newberne Naval Reserves, the Warrenton company, the Charlotte company, the Greenville Grays, the Forsyth Rifles, Wilmington Ligh Infantry, the Henderson company and the Franklinton company.

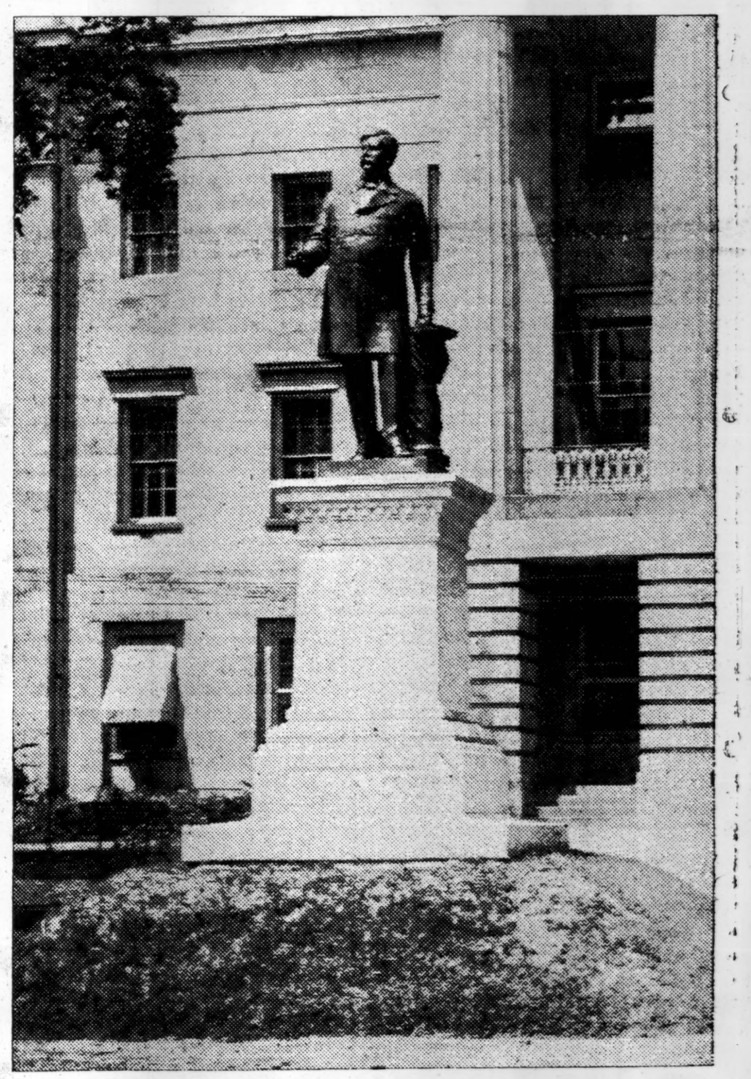
Arriving at the capitol, the vast throng was led in prayer by Rev. Eugene Daniel. Then came the oration of the day by Richard H. Battle, Esq., a life-long friend of Vance, followed by the unveiling by Miss Espy Vance, granddaughter of the Senator.

Col. Thos. S. Kenan, chief marshal, said, in introducing the orator:

"It is gratifying to know that our people have this day furnished additional evidence of their intention to honor the memory of our great men. That intention has been practically manifested by individual contributions and an appropriation of public money by the Legislature. The result is the erection of that statue in its enduring form, and it represents an ideal North Carolinian. What manner of man he was and what are the interesting and prominent features of his remarkable career will be to'd you by one of his most intimate personal and official friends, Hon. Richard H. Battle, whom I have the honor of presenting to you, ladies and gentlemen, as the orator of the occasion."

Mr. Battle spoke in part as follows:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—North Carolina honors herself today by presenting to the world, and the ages to come, this manifestation of her love for the son who so loved her; and we, his brothers and sisters, because children of a common mother, honor ourselves by being here to manifest our



THE VANCE MONUMENT.

The monument is situated on the eastern side of the Capitol grounds, about midway between the eastern portico of the Capitol and the head of Newbern avenue, which it faces. The first base is a large flat stone seven feet, two inches square, and is finely hammered. The entire pedestal is Mount Airy granite. The second base is five feet square and on it stands a die block, which is concave, finely cut and upon which is a cap of fine granite, handsomely cut and moulded. Upon this stands the statue. This is eight and one-half feet in height. All the statuary is of bronze.

The entire monument is twenty-one feet high. The mound upon which it stands is four feet above the walk, the pedestal is eight and a-half feet high, and the statue is eight and a-half feet. VANCE in large raised letters is on the front panel of the base. The mound upon which the monument rests has been nicely turfed over. The statue is one of the handsomest in the South.

The attitude of the figure is that of debate, the right hand clasping spectacles extended and the left hand resting upon a book at his side. The sculptor caught a pose that will forcibly bring back the figure of the dead Senator. The material throughout is the very finest, the granite being of the finest quality and the bronze being of the United States standard grade.

love and admiration of him who was ever true to that mother and to us.

North Carolina has always been patriotic, and glad to honor the best representatives of our national virtue, and the country's greatest achievements.

And now, nearly a century and a quarter after she adopted a constitution as a sovereign State, North Carolina has discovered that one of her own sons, nourished at her breast, was, for reasons satisfactory to her, worthy of similar honor, and to be distinguished from her other and good sons by like testimonials in his memory.

The question arises: why was Vance thus selected—why this discrimination in his favor over his brethren of great and admitted talents, virtue and public services? The pleasant duty assigned to me today is to give an answer to this question

Some writer has said that it takes three generations to make a gentleman. The history of Western North Carolina shows that it took three generations of heroic and patriotic citizens to make our Vance. His father was David Vance, and his mother, Margaret, a daughter of Zebulon Baird; and the Vances and the Bairds, sturdy Scotch-Irish people, from King's Mountain down, were patriots and leading citizens. He inherited from such ancestors a spirit of independence, a love of freedom, and a reverence for the true, the pure and the good, along with a strong mind and sound body. He inherited little else; for his fasher died when he was a boy, leaving a widow and eight children to be supported on a small farm, and besides a few slaves, scarely more personal property than was necessary to pay his debts and funeral expenses. So Zebulon was a poor boy who had to make his own way in the world. When about twelve years old his father sent him across the mountains on horseback to enter as a pupil in a high school, known as Washington College, in East Tennessee, but he was soon called home by the mortal illness of his father, whose bedside he reached only in time to see him die. All the education, in schools, he then had or acquired afterwards until he became of age, was obtained in little schools in the neighborhood of his native home. That home was about ten miles northwest of Asheville, in the county of Buncombe, and but a few hundred yards from the French Broad river. Born and reared in the shadows of the highest peaks of the Blue Ridge mountains, with Mount Mitchell and Pisgah in full view from the surrounding hills, and with the music of the mountain streams and birds in the air, the boy, endowed with uncommon intelligence and an active imagination, was early inspired with a love of his native land, while his soul was attuned to the poetry of nature.

Becoming of age, young Vance in the summer of 1851 applied to ex-Governor Swain, president of the University, for a loan to enable him to enter the law school and take some of the studies of the senior class in that State institution.

He remained at the University only a year, but it is a testimony of those who best knew him there, that in so short a time no young man had made a greater impression on law teachers, faculty, fellow students and villagers than did this mountain youth.

The popularity of young Vance and his natural bent soon took him into politics, and he became a candidate of the Whig party for a seat in the House of Commons of the State Legislature, in the summer of 1854, when he was twenty-four years of age.

Vance was elected, and proved a punctual and faithful member of the legislature.

He returned home with increased popularity among his constituents and elsewhere in the State, and in 1856 he was the Whig-American candidate for the Senate in the Buncombe Senatorial district.

His motto seems to have been, "Excelsior." In 1858 Thomas L. Clingman, long the member of Congress from the mountain district, having been appointed by Governor Bragg to a vacancy in the United States Senate, resigned his seat, and W. W. Avery, of Burke, to whom he had transferred his mantle, and David Coleman, both Democrats, were candidates for the succession. Young Vance leaped into the arena. Coleman retired, and threw his influence in favor of Avery. Clingman's majority had been about 2,000. Avery was an able man and his family one of large influence, and even Vance's intimate friends, at first, regarded his candidacy as but little better than a joke.

In one way or another, by election day, he had, to use the language of his ardent followers, "Set the mountains on fire," and he confounded the Democratic leaders by carrying the district by 1,900 majority.

In 1860 he was again elected to Congress, his opponent being Colonel David Coleman, to whom he returned the compliment for his defeat for the State Senate four years before.

Coleman challenged Vance to a duel. The challenge was accepted, but a friend of both, getting wind of the hostile meeting, found a way to prevent it, and bring about a reconciliation. Vance never attempted to defend his acceptance of the challenge, except upon the ground of a public sentiment, then existing in his district, which demanded such evidence of physical courage from a man in public life—the same sentiment that, in 1824, caused his uncle, Dr. Robert Vance, late a member of Congress, to lose his life in a duel with Hon. Samuel P. Carson, and, in 1804, impelled Alexander Hamilton, the statesman he had been taught most to reverence, to accept a challenge and die at the hand of Aaron Burr. Thanks to heaven that we have lived to see the day when no such sentiment exists in any part of our State?

That Vance faithfully performed his duty in the House, and in its committees, and established a reputation for ability as well as wit, and was recognized as one of the leading champions of the Union from the South, I have but to refer to the eulogies of him delivered in the United States Senate, after his death, by those able and venerable Republican Senators, Lot M. Morrill, of Vermont, and John Sherman, of Ohio, who stood with him as champions of the Union in the Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth Congresses.

In December, 1860, he stopped in this city during the recess of Congress for the Christmas holidays. South Corolina had then called a convention for the purpose of seceding from the Union. Two of her congressmen, Boyce and Keitt had stopped in Raleigh at the same time. Our legislature was in session, and at the instance of a few of its ultra Democratic members and their sympathizers, they made secession speeches in front of the Yarborough House to the people called together to hear them. The prevailing sentiment in Raleigh was then intensely Union, and the indignation of many was aroused to a high pitch. Threats of violence were being muttered from citizen to citizen, and there was danger of a riot and of insult, or worse, to the indiscreet visitors. Sion H. Rogers, our gallant Congressman, always vigilant, perceived this and at once had the courthouse lighted and the bell rung, and a meeting to listen to Union speeches announced. He got Vance to go with him, and the latter, fully appreciating the condition, made to the excited crowd which followed him and Rogers from the street, a speech semi-jocose and semi-serious, in which he excused his South Carolina friends on the ground that they were crazy fanatics, upon which the indignation of sane people was wasted. He soon got his hearers in a good humor, and with

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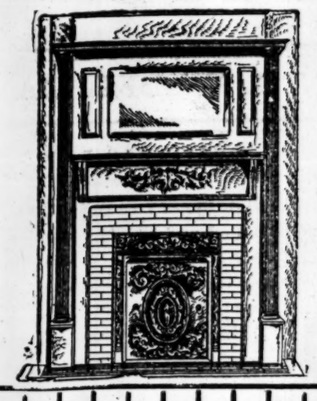

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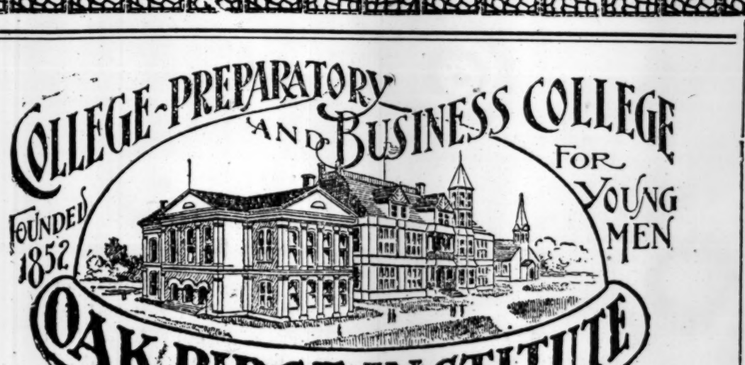
# THE = BEE = HIVE

320 and 322 South Elm Street.

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Greensboro Pressing Club

W. N. HINTON, Mgr.

"Hurrah for Vance!" they dispersed to their homes. Vance, doubtless, reported to the secession orators the argument with which he defended their folly.

In common with the other Union men of the State, while contending that the election of Lincoln in 1850 was no cause for secession, Vance had committed himself to oppose the coercion of a seceded State, if any of them should exercise, what he considered the revolutionary right of secession. The people were with him, and in February, 1861, voted by a large majority against holding a convention to consider the question of secession. But when, in April, the clash of arms came, and President Lincoln called for troops from this State in part to restore the authority of the United States in South Carolina and other seceded States, a convention was at once called on the historic 20th of May, and an ordinance of secession was adopted. Vance raised the second company organized in his district, the "Rough and Ready Guards," of sturdy mountaineers, and brought them to Raleigh as their captain early in May. The company became part of the Fourth Regiment of North Carolina troops, afterwards designated as the Fourteenth, under command of Col. W. D. Pender, a splendid soldier and a superior disciplinarian. They were sent down to our eastern coast, and there Capt. Vance proved his zeal and daring by suggesting that picked men should make a dash upon Fort Hatteras and overpower the Federal soldiers in charge; but it was deemed too hazardous by his superior officers. In August, 1861, he was elected colonel of the Twenty-sixth North Carolina regiment, and led it in victory and defeat, in stirring campaigns in North Carolina and Virginia, for twelve months. He exhibited intrepidity in the battle with Burnside's forces at Newbern in February, 1862, and skill in preventing his regiment from being cut off by the burning of Trent river bridge and the gunboats ascending the river. He gallantly led his command in the fights around Richmond, about July 1st, against the protest of his officrrs and men, who recognized how much his life would be worth as governor of the State, to which office he was then about to be elected. They all delighted to follow him; but they felt that the regiment was safe under the leadership of such men as Lieutenant Colonel Harry Burgwyn, who was to close his gallant career one year later at Gettysburg, and John R. Lane, afterwards to distinguish himself as their commander, and who, battle-scarred as he is, still illustrates the best citizenship of the State, while if Col. Vance were slain they thought the loss to the State and its soldiers would be irreparable. He listened not to their entreaties, however, and shared the fortunes of his command until duly notified of his election in August. His nomination for the governorship was unsought, and it was accepted only after assurances from many friends representing both the old parties of the State, and whose opinion he could not disregard, that, in that office, he could best serve the Confederate cause as well as the people of North Carolina. His popularity as a soldier was attested by the fact that he received every vote in his regiment, while the rank and file of our soldiers of other commands voted the same way. Many officers of other regiments expressed their preference for his competitor, Col. William Johnston, of Charlotte, a man of affairs and a distinguished member of the convention of 1861-62. He had earlier espoused the cause of the South. Some of the appointees of Governors Ellis and Clark participated in the mistake President Jefferson Davis evidently made, that those who did not espouse the Southern cause before Lincoln's proclamation in 1851, could not be as zealous in its support as those who were originally secessionists, or who advocated secession on the election of Lincoln. Some were not fairly convinced that Vance could be at heart a true Confederate until later in the war. How little they knew of the nature of the man! Having cast his lot with the South and pledged his faith to its cause, that faith he thenceforth did "bear of life and limb and terrene honor." When the term of enlistment of his old company expired, many of its members expressed their intention to return to their homes and families. He had them called out and formed in a square, and standing in their midst made them a speech on what he thought to be the duty of the hour. It breathed such ferver and devotion to the Southern banner that not one failed to reenlist; and even fathers, who had come to take their boys home, resolved to remain with them and share their fortunes.

But Vance's right to the epithet of "The War Governor of the South," is due as much to the earnest support of the Confederate cause by his State through him, as its executive head, as to what he did for its people, their protection under the law and their general welfare. For nearly three years, from September 8, 1862, to the evening he left Raleigh, April 12, 1865, to avoid capture by Sherman, he did all that vigilance, zeal and energy could do to have and keep every man to whom Lee, Johnston, and others were entitled, as soldiers, at the front. To him it is due, largely, that the 75 regiments and some unattached commands from North Carolina, were kept fuller than those from any other State, notwithstanding that the bodies of more North Carolina dead strewed the battlefields of the country than those of any other State; that quite one-sixth of the Confederate troops hailed from this State; that we had a soldier for nearly every voter; and that one-fifth of the Confederates surrendered by Lee at Appomattox and one-half surrendered by Johnston at Greensboro, were North Carolinians.

But more than for these material benefits, provided for the people of North Carolina, their great debt to him was the maintenance of the civil authority and its supremacy amid the clash of arms, his protection of the humblest citizen against illegal arrest. Alone, of all the States of the United States and of the Confederate States, with one possible exception, in North Carolina, during those four long dark years of war, the writ of habeas corpus was never suspended Well, and with pardonable pride, might he say in an address in January, 1877, when for the third time, by the election of the people, he was inaugurated Governor. "It was in North Carolina, and I believe only in North Carolina, that in the midst of the greatest civil war of modern times, when 1,000,000 people were engaged in desperate strife, and the gleaming of bayonets, the roaring of cannon, the thunder of charging squadrons and the light of burning cities, the civil power maintained its supremacy over the military and the judge was obeyed and "inte arma| andiebantur leges."

In 1864 Governor Vance was again a candidate and elected Governor, his opponent being Mr. Holden, who was understood to favor peace on almost any terms.

He surrendered himself to the Federal general in command at Greensboro, in May, 1865, and being paroled, joined his family at Statesville.

He was brought through this city, and I, with other friends was allowed to see him. It was generally feared that he, with President Jefferson Davis and a few others of prominence, whose special arrest had been ordered from Washington, was to be tried and condemned to death for treason. Well do I remember with what courage and dignity he bore himself, while beneath the easy cordiality with which he greeted old friends, in the presence of Federal guards, I could see anxious foreboding for the wife and four little boys he was leaving behind, lt might be forever among impoverished friends.

After Vance had been lodged in prison, Tom Corwin, of Ohio, an old Whig congressman, distinguished for his wit and abillty, called to see him. After cordial greeting given and received, he said: "Vance, I don't understand this. I knew you as a warm advocate for the Union, and here you a e a prisoner for treason or something of the kind, while your old secession opponents are left at home. I can't get the hang of lt." With a countenance elongated, Vance replied. "I am afraid I will get the hang of it before long," Corwin laughed, and said, "A man who could so take a doubtful fate should be relieved, if he could help him" It may have been due to his influence that Secretary Stanton had the prisoner's case looked into, and had him discharged, on his record. By his orders the Governor's hand-book had been sent to the War Office, and upon examination of them he found that Vance, with his big heart would not endure the maltreatment of a surrendered foe, had remonstrated in most earnest terms, during the war, with the authority at Richmond upon learning that Federal prisoners at Salisbury were insufficiently fed and clothed, This mercy to Stanton's soldiers, when helpless in a prison in Vance's State, aroused his sense of justice to one of his most dangerous enemies; and he said: "Let the man be paroled and allowed to go home to his family."

Resolving to begin the practice of law, he hesitated a time between Charlotte and Raleigh as the best place to open an office, and it was agreed that if he came to Raleigh, he and I would form a partnership. But Charlotte being nearer his old home and the friends of his youth, he chose that place.

Before Governor Vance thought it proper to enter the political arena again, a temptation was offered him, which would have proved irresistible to one less incorruptible than he. A man of acknowledged influence in the new Republican party in the State, and whom Governor Vance well knew as a blunt outspoken man, and who had been his friend, visited Charlotte and sought a private interview with him. He informed Vance that he was there to offer him the leadership of the Republican party of North Carolina, as one who could direct public sentiment. "You are poor," he said, "and we will see that you have plenty of money. You are under political disabilities, and we will have them at once removed. You are ambitious, and we will see that you take a seat how vacant in the United States Senate. You can persuade your friends it is better for you and them to have the control than to leave it to such men as we now have." "No." said Vance with emphasis, "I am not ready to sell out yet."

As the result of the reaction caused by the Holden-Kirk war, and by a determined effort the Democrats captured the Legislative branch of the government in 1870, and about the first of September of that year Governor Vance, notwithstanding he was still under political disability, was elected to the United States Senate. But he was so obnoxious to Republicans at the North, because, as President Johnson expressed it, "of the rude eloquence of his proclamation during the war," and because he was the acknowledged war governor of the South, refused him his seat in the Senate. After long waiting and finding the tantalizing hopes held out to him from time to time of the removal of his disabilities to be vain, he resigned his contingent right to be Senator, and General Ransom was elected in his place.

But a great work was reserved for him to do in North Carolina. The judicial and executive branches of our State government were still in the hands of the Republicans, notwithstanding the vigorous campaign made by Judge Merrimon as the Democratic candidate for governor, and his associates on the ticket in 1872. In 1876 the conservative Democratic people of the State looked for somebody to lead them to victory. The eyes of the masses turned toward Vance as their leader in the struggle.

Taking his seat for the third time as the Chief Magistrate of the State, in January, 1877, he proceeded to do all that a patriot and a statesman could do for its upbuilding.

Elected to the Senate about the last of November, 1878, and in January, 1885, and January 1891, he served his State and country in that great field of labor from the day he was sworn in, March, 1879, until stricken down by disease a short time before his death in April, 1894.

Governor Vance was twice married. On August 3d, 1853, he was married to Miss Harriette N. Espy, daughter of a deceased Presbyterian clergyman, a woman notable for her piety and devotion to duty. This wife died after long and painful disease, November 3d, 1878, during his third term as governor.

In 1880 he married Mrs. Florence Steele, of Martin, Ky.

In 1891 he visited Europe, but became homesick, as he himself admitted, and returned at the expira ion of a few months. In the winter of 1894 his health having become still further impaired, he was indeed to go to Florida and spend some weeks in the hope that he might be benefitted. Hope proved vain, however, and he returned to Washington, hoping that he might be able to resume his seat in the Senate, but he went home only to linger and die.

Soon after the death of his first wife he became a communing member of the Presbyterian church in this city.

In politics he was by birth and education an ardent Federalist, and so continued until the war came on. The cornerstone of the Southern Confederacy being State's Rights, and having to labor during the war to protect the rights of his State, whose constitution and laws were largely in his keeping, he began to change his political views. Federal aggresion and on the rights of the States during the war, and especially upon the rights of the Southern States during the terrible period of reconstruction, made him realize the value of the checks advocated by Thomas Jefferson to prevent the centralization of governmental power at the National capital; and he gradually became an earnest advocate of the principles of Jeffersonian Democracy.

Born May 13, 1830, and dying April 14, 1894, how much of labor well done, of duty well performed, of glory nobly achieved, in those sixty-four years of mortal life! In the admiration and gratitude of his State he will continue to live as long as North Carolina shall be a State. And in that other life, the higher life, he will live, we fondly trust, to all eternity in that home prepared by Him who says to every son of man who has done his duty here, "Well done, good and faithful servant; enter thou into the joy of thy Lord."

A few words about the statute itself. Not long after Senator Vance's death a few of his friends in this city met at the Governor's Mansion, on the invitation of Governor Carr, and formed an association for the purpose of erecting a bronze statute of Vance in the Capitol Square. Governor Carr was made president. Some two thousand dollars was soon raised by subscription and otherwise, but the financial depression coming on, the efforts of the association were suspended for a while. Governor Carr, going out of office and his health becoming impaired, resigned as president of the association, and he who addresses you was put in his place. The officers had in contemplation a plan for the collection of the amount requisite for their purpose by small subscriptions in each county, proportioned to the number of Confederate soldiers enlisted from the county. But the Legislature of 1899 having convened, Dr. Richard H. Speight, Senator from Edgecombe, offered a bill for the appropriation of $5,000 for the desired purpose, to be used with the funds raised by our association, and he of the Senate and Representatives J. D. Boushall, of Wake, and M. S. Hart, of Edgecombe, appointed by the presiding officers of the two houses, were constituted, with the president and treasurer of the association, a committee to procure and erect the statue. Plans and specifications were submitted to leading sculptors of the country, and of one dozen models presented that executed by Henry J. Ellicott, of Washington City, was, all things considered, unanimously preferred.

And now, what does this statute represent to us? In it, when the veil shall be removed by Miss Espy Vance, grand-daughter of our statesman, we shall see, as I think, Vance as he stood, erect, gallant, self-confident, but without undue self-assertion, the master of his subject and his audience, addressing his peers in the Senate of the United States, the most august arena of earth.

As we look at the statute we shall see him as I knew him, the qualities of his great mind, soul and heart in his beaming face and shining in every lineament of his countenance. Let us analyze those qualities. There is courage, moral and physical, inborn and augmented by three-score years of conflict with the hardships and the battles of life; akin to courage, her twin sister, truth, will speak from his lips, truth which his direct mind sought as the needle the pole, and when found, it was ever part of his very life. He valued it as a priceless jewel, and his honest heart impelled him to display it to the world for its guidance and improvement. He is speaking words of truth now. And honesty you will see a development of truth, its expression in the life of the man as he dealt with his fellow-men, taking only what was his and freely according to others what was fairly theirs. And you can see benignancy and charity beaming from that face, tender kindness for his friends and indulgence to the faults of his adversaries. (I say not enemies, for few could be enemies to one of so open and genial a nature as his.) And there is wit and humor—keen wit, twinkling from his eye, and racy humor bubbling from his half-open lips. And behind them a friend can see the playful irony with which he met the sophistry of a good natured adversary, and the cutting sarcasm for the malicious charge of one who would traduce his people. Here again is the pose and confident power of the orator, not the elocutionist merely, but the orator whose words carry conviction to the unprejudiced and confusion to the prejudiced hearer. And patriotism, too, the love of his fatherland, needing not words to give it expression, and gratitude to his Creator for giving him so fair a land, and a nature so richly endowed for the enjoymennt of its blessings. And there you may see consciousness of other gifts, to be used not so much for his own glory as for the good of his State and country. In a word, we may see in his manly form and expressive face a combination of those qualities, that virtue characterizing a man such as Marc Antony described Brutus to be, "the nobles Roman of them all." His life was gentle, and the elements so mixed in him that nature might stand up and say to all the world, "Here is a man!"

## The Head of the House

has many responsibilities resting upon him, and among those of a serious character is the health of the family. Those who understand the laws of hygiene know that sewer gas from defective pipes, and dangerous conditions arising from imperfect drainage and sewerage, breed disease, and every house should be fitted up with sanitary plumbing. We are experts in this line.

## J. R. RICH & SON

(Successors to ODELL HARDWARE CO. in Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting.)
327 SOUTH ELM STREET.

**Total business written in North Carolina in 1899 by nine of the most prominent Life Companies:**

| | |
|---|---|
| PENN MUTUAL, | $1,188,000. |
| Mutual Life of New York | 869,366 |
| New York Life | 814,149 |
| Union Central | 731,602 |
| Ætna | 665,839 |
| Phoenix Mutual | 592,231 |
| Travelers | 494,500 |
| Provident Savings | 404,222 |

The above statement shows the popularity of the old Penn Mutual in North Carolina.

**Large Dividends, Large Cash Value, Low Cost and Policies free from restrictions are some of the attractive features of the Penn's policies.**

## Murray Bros., Special Agents

FREEBLOOD CURE.

An offer proving faith to sufferers Is your blood pure? Are you sure of it? Do cuts or scratches heal slowly? Does your skin itch or burn? Have you pimples? Eruptions? Aching Bones or Back? Eczema? Old sores? Boils? Scrofula? Rheumatism? Foul breath? Catarrh? Are you pale? If so purify your blood at once by taking Botanic Blood Balm, B. B. B. It makes the blood pure and rich, heals every sore and gives a clear smooth, healthy skin, Deep-seated cases like ulcers, cancer, eating sores, painful swellings, blood poison are quickly cured by Botanic Blood Balm, B. B. B., made especially for all obstinate blood and skin troubles. Give it a trial. It cures when all else fails. Thoroughly tested for 20 years. Sold at drug stores with directions for home treatment at $1 per large bottle. So sufferers may test it, a trial bottle given absolutely free. Write for it. Address Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble, and free medical advice given. Don't hesitate, but write at once. Help is at hand as Blood Balm cures quickly and permanently. Over 3000 voluntary testimonials of cures by using B. B. B.

# Greensboro Telegram.

—BY—

**The Greensboro Publishing Company.**

Directors of the Company: C. G. Wright, President; J. Van Lindley, Vice-President; J. S. Hunter, E. J. Stafford. J. W. Scott, Chas. H. Ireland, A. W. McAlister, W. L Grissom, R. W. Brooks, Lee H. Battle, W. C. Bain, J. W. Fry, J. M. Hendrix, J. M. Walker.

R. F. BEASLEY, Editor and Manager.

Subscription price: $4.00 per year; $1.00 per quarter; 35c per month; 10c per week.
OFFICE—111 South Elm Street—First door south of the government building.

W. I. UNDERWOOD, City Editor.

WEDNESDAY AUGUST 22, 1900.


### TO PROTECT PROPERTY HOLDERS.

In a private letter to a gentleman in Greensboro, Insurance Commissioner James R. Young, adverting to the recent indictment which he brought in this city, says:

"I regret very much that your papers at Greensboro should have taken up the idea that this Department only investigates cases because of the interest of the insurance companies in them. This you know is entirely wrong, as I am charged with the investigation of them whether there is a cent of insurance or not. It is required by the State for the protection of our city and town property holders."

We do not know that The Telegram has taken up the idea that Commissioner Young mentions. In this matter, as in all others, The Telegram simply reported the facts as they existed. There was, and is, no ground for criticism of Mr. Young. He did his duty as required by law, and the fact that the party was cleared of the charge does not at all negative this statement. It's the Commissioner's duty to investigate under certain circumstances, in order that if the party is guilty he may be punished, and the individual wrongfully suspicioned should court such an investigation in order that his innocence may be established. And all property owners should court such investigation because they are protected by the deterrent thus exerted upon would-be criminals.

### THE VANCE STATUE.

In the erection of the statue to our Vance North Carolina has paid a debt which she owed herself. History must write Vance as the greatest of North Carolinians viewed from the standpoint of service rendered in time of need. The State owed it to herself that she make some effort to manifest and perpetuate her gratitude, to lift some shaft conspicuously to be seen by wayfarers when passing the Statehouse in which his greatest service was performed, for though, brave soldier that he was, untiring representative at Washington, and the State's greatest campaigner, it was while making his reputation in his young manhood as the "War Governor of the South," that he performed the service for which North Carolinians best love him.

North Carolina is not a monument-building State. She should be. She has cause to be, for she is a land so well described by Father Ryan, the poet-priest of the Lost Cause:

"Yes, give me the land where the battle's red blast
Has flashed to the future the fame of the past.
Yes, give me a land that hath legends and lays
That tell of the memories of long-vanished days.

We gladly surrender our space today to the fine address of Hon. Richard H. Battle. It is an address in which all the people of the State are interested, and we have gone to some trouble and expense to present it to our readers only two or three hours after its delivery.

### We Don't Follow in Our Bathing Arrangements, Though.

Charlotte News.

Greensboro has again followed Charlotte's good example by passing an anti-spitting ordinance.

### SUPPOSED ROBBER IDENTIFIED.

**But the Robbed Man's Testimony Was Not Sufficient to Warrant Indictment.**

Mr. W. V. Ruth, who went over to Danville to identify the thief that stole $180 from him Saturday night, returned last night, saying the Danville officers had arrested the guilty man. His name was given as Thomas Kelly.

Last night Chief Scott also received a message from Raleigh, saying a man answering the description was under arrest there.

This morning the solicitor drew a bill of indictment against the fellow under arrest in Danville, but after examining Mr. Ruth the grand jury failed to return a true bill, and consequently the two suspected men have been released.

It seems that there is a slight mystery in connection with this affair. It is rather strange that the man who was robbed could not give sufficient testimony to indict the supposed robber, when he claims to have identified him.

### BEFORE HIS HONOR.

**A Few Convictions Secured in the Court House Today.**

In the Superior Court today Robert Shaffner, colored, was convicted of criminal assault and sentenced to the penitentiary far 25 years. The crime was committed against his stepdaughter.

James Graves and John Burton, both colored, were convicted of robbing the store of Mr. J. W. Rogers, at Jamestown, a few weeks ago. They will work out a sentence of two years each on the county roads.

William Gibson, colored, goes to the penitentiary one year for larceny.

Will Scott, another colored offender, was convicted of the larceny of a small sum of money from a female friend.

### Students From Mississippi for Greensboro Female College.

Mr. R. M. Whitehead, of Yazoo City, Miss., arrived last night, accompanied by his daughter and Miss Mary Wilson, who will enter Greensboro Female College at the opening of the fall term. He will leave in the morning for Boston.

Mr. Whitehead is a native of North Carolina, having resided in Mississippi for the past twelve or fifteen years. He says Greensboro and her educational institutions are well and favorably known in his portion of the country.

### The Negro and the Campaign.

Asheville Citizen.

There is a disposition in some quarters to hoist the anti-negro flag in the coming presidential campaign in North Carelina. The Democrats of this State have but recently fought a momentous battle on this issue and won a signal victory. Through all the campaign, which was one of the hottest ever waged in this State, it was declared that the ratification of the amendment would settle the negro question, at least for many years. It is true that the amendment does not become operative until 1902, and it is likewise true that the negro is still with us, as he was in the past campaign, but we fail to see in these facts sufficient justification for pitching the November campaign on the negro plane. In the first place it is entirely too hot to think of two anti-negro campaigns in one year; in the second place, it was generally believed that the negro question was to be shelved when the amendment was adopted; and thirdly, the people of North Carolina must come to fight out their campaigns without the negro as a prominent figure and there is no better time to begin than right now.

Let the fall campaign be a fair stand-up fight on the great issues that confront the American people, and test the question whether North Carolina is Democratic. We have no doubt as to the result.

This state has emerged from the dark wood of negro domination and we see no reason for racking it with another anti-negro campaign. Besides, the State might refuse to be racked.

If, however, the Republicans show a disposition to make a great to-do over the negro and thus force the question into the campaign the Democratic party will be found willing and able to entertain them.

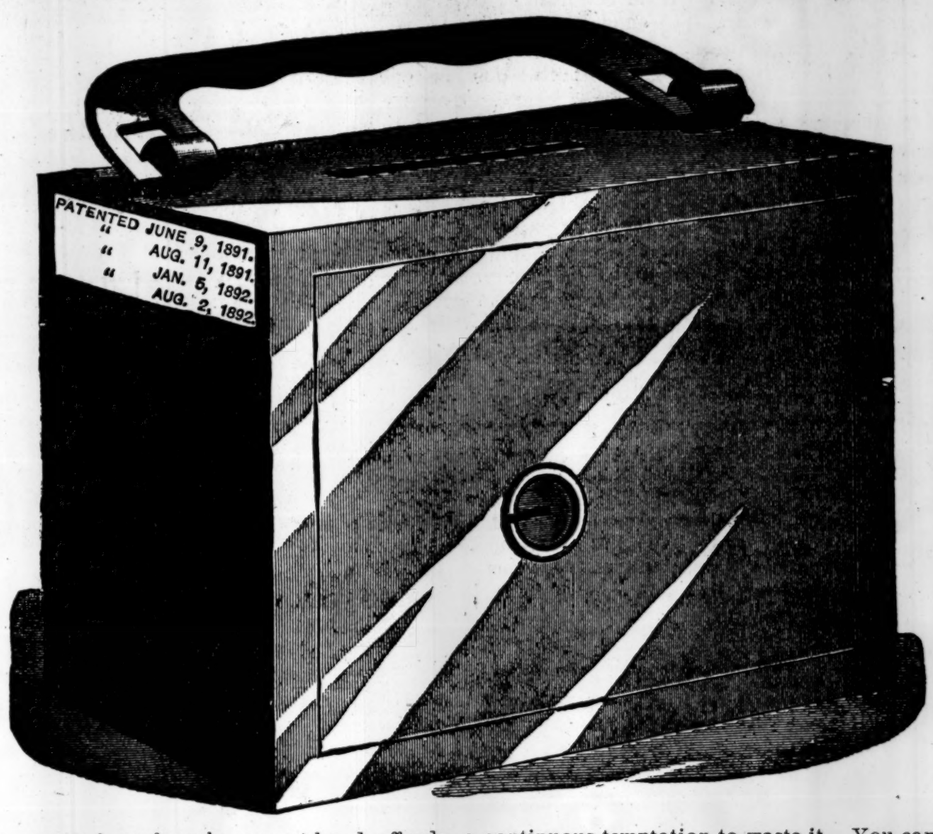
### Another Step in Wide-awake Progrersiveness.

Concord Standard.

Our neighbor, Greensboro, has recently taken action in the line of wide-awake progressiveness. Beside having bought the system of waterworks she has the anti-spitting ordinance for the most traveled parts of the sidewalks and ordinances to prevent loafing about the postoffice and depot. The seats in the depot are not to be used except for those waiting for the train or for the arrival of friends, that is they shall not be used for loafing purposes.


# Southern Loan & Trust Company

**Directors:** J. W. SCOTT, B. H. MERRIMON, A. W. M'ALISTER, J. M. HENDRIX, A. M. SCALES, DAVID WHITE, J. S. HUNTER, E. P. WHARTON, R. G. VAUGHN, TREAS.




This cut represents a Home Savings Bank safe. The little safes are oxidized and copepered steel boxes 4 by 3 3 by 2 inches in size, with three tumbler lock and made to resist great force.

The Southern Loan and Trust Company has arranged to loan them free of charge to any person desiridg to open a savings account.

Money deposited in these safes can be taken ont only at our office (where the keys are kept) and when brought to us the amount is counted in your presence and placed to your credet on your pass book. 4 per cent interest, beginning the first day of any month succeeding the deposit, will be allowed on all deposits amounting to $5.00 and upwards provided they are continued for three full months.

ITS ADVANTAGES: You have in your home a bank always open for deposits. You can drop in small amounts you would not take to any bank, thus preventing you from spending it; as money kept loosely near at hand affords a continuous temptation to waste it. You cannot shake or get it out, as we hold the key; consequently do what you ought to, bring or send the bank to us, have its contents counted before you and placed to your credit with us, where it will be a continual reminder to you to add more to it. Many persons waste in life enough money to make them independent. DEPOSITORS WILL PLEASE NOTICE that any sums of money that they may not wish to deposit in the small bank safe may be brought to the office of the Trust Company and deposited on their pass books the same as on any ordinary savings account.

**Money deposited on or before September 1st, bears interest from that date.**

Pictures of all kinds made with Hand Cameras. Sold by Moore Opt. Co. Supplies.


### India Famine Fund.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previously reported | $326.84 |
| Centenary Epworth League, Winston, N. C | 28 55 |

MRS. F. E ROSS, Treas.


# Insurance

BONDS, cheaper than anybody.
United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company.
Judicial Bonds delivered on day of application.
20 per cent. DISCOUNT ON ACCIDENT INSURANCE to our customers.
SOLID FIRE INSURANCE in Standard Million Dollar Companies. Can Carry any amount. Apply to

**WADDELL & CO.**

## C. G. WRIGHT

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Office: Wright Bulding, opposite Court House.

## —Don't Worry—

Use KADOK—3 doses 10 cents, for headache and brain weariness.
Use VICK'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS—25c, as a mild tonic laxative and liver regulator.
Use VICK'S LACTATED TASTELESS CHILL TONIC—50c, assists digestion and breaks up chills and fevers, warranted. Trade supplied by RICHARDSON DRUG CO., Greensboro, N. C.

## HICK'S . . . CAPUDINE

Cures Headache. No Bad Effect. At all druggists.

## R. K. GREGORY, M.D.

**Physician and Surgeon,**

Residence and Office:

**330 N. Green St.**

**Special Attention to diseases of Females.**

QUALITY FIT
Fall and Winter Stock with Thousands of Samples to Select From.

## J. E. Cartland,

MERCHANT TAILOR - - - - - GREENSBORO, N. C

Not only a fit, but satisfaction is guaranteed. Samples and blanks sent on application.


### Statement of Condition

# THE CITY NATIONAL BANK,

**of Greensboro, North Carolina,**

AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS JUNE 29th. CONDENSED FROM REPORT TO COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

| RESOURCES: | | LIABILITIES: | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Loans and Discounts | $308,202 34 | Capital Stock | $100,0 0.00 |
| Overdrafts (secured and uns'c'd) | 1,801.20 | Surplus and Profits, net | 15,986.84 |
| U S Bonds and Premiums | 160,0?5.99 | Circulation | 100,000 00 |
| Banking house, furn., and fixtures | 8,000.00 | Bills payable | 55,000 00 |
| Revenue Stamps | 310.83 | Deposits | 270,864.29 |
| Cash on hand and n banks | 63,470.77 | | |
| Total | $54 ,851,13 | Total | $541,851.13 |

**COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Deposits June 29, 1899 | $205,000.00 | Deposits. June 29th, 1900 | $270,800.00 |
| Profits " " | 5.400.00 | Profits " " | 15,986 00 |


## Next to the Consumer

is where we stand in the lumber business. At the kicking post, as it were, in regard to prices.

First comes the owner of the timber. He just woke up to the value of it and wants double last year's prices. Then the sawmill man. He has not been making a fortune and thinks now he should share a little in the general prosperity

They say to us: "We must have so much for our trees and work." After a while it is "up to you." Don't kick. You don't suppose we have nerve enough to put up prices unless they had first been put up on us. No, indeed. But prices are NOT high. They have been to low and are just now getting reasonable. Your children will be glad to build at double the price it now costs you. It is a trite, but true saying, if you want to build, "Now is the time."

And ours is the place to get the stuff.

**GREENSBORO LUMBER CO.**

We have a few pairs of boys' black vici kid oxfords worth $1.50 to close out at 75 cents a pair. Also two or three dozen pairs girls' and misses' tan oxfords and sandals at the same price. THACKER & BROCKMANN.

We have just opened a new shipment of Tapestry curtains, some very handsome ones among them. Prices from $6 down to $2.25 the pair.
THACKER & BROCKMANN.

**Mark Your Linen** with one of our 25c. rubber stamps. We make 'em while you wait.
**REES & BOND.**

The choicest grain harvested isn't any too good for our customers, as our oldest patrons will certify. The horse fed not to repletion, but to satisfaction, will do the best work in the long run. Don't stint the quantity or quality of feed for your stock. You can't work on an empty stomach—why should you expect your horse to do so?

**BOYCOTT'S FEED STORE.**

## PERSONALTIES.

**This Column Deals Strictly With People and Places.**

Mr. J. G. Fowler went to Raleigh today.

Mr. J. S. Hunter went to High Point this morning.

Mr. J. W. Merritt went to Sanford this afternoon.

National Bank Examiner Henry is here on business.

Mr. L. J. Brandt went over to Danville this afternoon.

Mr. S. S. Mitchell has returned from a visit to Piedmont Springs.

Miss Grace Clary returned at noon from a visit to High Point.

Mr. E. E. Trogdon went to Oak Ridge today to enter school.

Mr. C. A. Bray made a short business trip to Durham this afternoon.

Mr. Frank A. Pierce went to Winston this morning on a short business trip.

Mrs. R. O. Pickard went to Burlington this morning on a visit to relatives.

Prof. P. P. Claxton went to Winston today to assist in conducting a teachers' institute.

Mrs. R. W. Murray left this morning for Clinton on a visit to her friend, Miss Bettie Beaman.

Mr. P. D. Gold, Jr., returned today from a business trip to Charlotte and down the Asheboro road.

Mr. J. M. Walker and family returned today from a visit to Mt. Airy White Sulphur Springs.

Miss Manie Currie, librarian at Greensboro Female College, has returned from a visit to Maxton

Miss Mary Vanhoy, who has been visiting relatives at Pomona, has returned to her home at Walkertown.

Dr. A. P. Staley came down from High Point this morning to attend the meeting of the State Optical Society.

Miss Ethel Armfield, who has been the guest of Miss Myrtle Armfield, returned to her home in Mt. Airy this afternoon.

Miss Mary Petty, accompanied by Miss Hackney, of Guilford College, went to Jamestown today on a visit to Miss Jennie Ragsdale.

Editor J. B. Whitaker, Jr., of the Winston Sentinel, was here this morning on his way to Raleigh to attend the unveiling of the Vance statue.

Mrs. S. A. Hodgin, of Raleigh, who has been spending some time here with relatives, went to Archdale this morning on a visit to her mother.

Mesdames Lee H. Battle, A. D. Simpson and H. L. Scott, accompanied by their children, returned at noon from Mt. Airy White Sulphur Springs.

**A Small Crowd on the Special.**

The Southern's special to Raleigh, run to accomodate those who wished to attend the unveiling of the Vance statue, left this morning at 7:15. In addition to the Winston military company, only six or eight passengers were on the train when it left Greensboro. Large crowds were expected to board the train at Burlington, Graham and Durham.

**Receiver for the Brown Mercantile Co.**

Mr. T. D. Sherwood, manager of J. W. Scott & Co.'s wholesale dry goods department, has been appointed receiver of the Brown Mercentile Company and will wind up the affairs of the concern.

The Brown Mercantile Company was organized a few years ago with a capital stock of $10,000 and has been doing a good business at 234 South Elm street. The officers of the company are: Sample S. Brown, president; George A. Dick, vice-president; Miss N. O. Brown, secretary and treasurer.

A Good reason why you should see Drs. Moore about your eyes: Their glasses are right. Guaranteed the best.

## WHY SHE DIDN'T SING.

**Superstition Kept Her From Becoming a Prima Donna.**

"I have come across a great deal of foolishness of varying degrees and kinds in my life," said the man who teaches singing, "but in all my born days I never before met anybody as hopelessly feeble minded as a young woman I have been taking an interest in lately. She is a stenographer by occupation, and I happened to hear her hum a popular song one day when I was in her employer's office. Of course the production of her tones was all wrong, but her voice was as soft as velvet and big and deep and clear as a cathedral bell. It was a voice such as a teacher doesn't get a chance to work on twice in a lifetime.

"I went to her and asked her to let me try her voice. It proved to be better than I had hoped. It was magnificent. I wanted her to begin studying at once. She had no money, but I didn't want money for bringing out a voice like that. She hadn't much time either, and she told me she was too tired to sing in the evenings after working all day. I told her to get up early and practice an hour or two before breakfast. I thought she looked odd when I told her to do it, but she didn't say she wouldn't.

"Weeks passed, and her method continued as bad as ever. I couldn't understand it. Each lesson found her just where the preceding one left her. At last one day I asked her if she were she wouldn't practice before breakfast flushed and then broke down. She said she hadn't dared to sing before breakfast because it is bad luck.

"'Sing before you eat, cry before you sleep,' is the saying, and that idiot of a girl believed it so implicitly that she wouldn't practice before breakfast even for the sake of that glorious voice of hers, and as before breakfast was the only time she had to practice the result was—well, I gave her up. She'll live and die a stenographer when she might be a prima donna, and it will serve her precisely right. She has sacrificed her future to an idiotic superstition."—Washington Post.

## A SERENADE OF WOLVES.

**How One Was Started In the National Zoo at Washington.**

In The Century Ernest Seton-Thompson, who used to be known as "Wolf" Thompson from his familiarity with this particular form of wild animal, tells how he started a wolf serenade at the National zoo in Washington.

While making these notes among the animals of the Washington zoo I used to go at all hours to see them. Late one evening I sat down with some friends by the wolf cages in the light of a full moon. I said, "Let us see whether they have forgotten the music of the west." I put up my hands to my mouth and howled the hunting song of the pack. The first to respond was a coyote from the plains. He remembered the wild music that used to mean pickings for him. He put up his muzzle and "yap yapped" and howled. Next an old wolf from Colorado came running out, looked and listened earnestly, and, raising her snout to the proper angle, she took up the wild strain. Then all the others came running out and joined in, each according to his voice, but all singing that wild wolf hunting song, howling and yelling, rolling and swelling, high and low, in the cadence of the hills.

They sang me their song of the west, the west;
They set all my feelings aglow;
They stirred up my heart with their artless art
And their song of the long ago.

Again and again they raised the cry and sang in chorus till the whole moonlit wood around was ringing with the grim refrain—until the inhabitans in the near city must have thought all the beasts broken loose. But at length their clamor died away, and the wolves returned, slunk back to their dens, silently, sadly, I thought, as though they realized that they could indeed join in the hunting song as of old, but their hunting days were forever done.

**How to Make Feather Cake.**

Beat four ounces of butter and one pound of sugar (pulverized) together until mixed; then add two gills of milk and heat again until very light. Weigh out a pound of flour, add one-third to the mixture and beat again. Separate four small eggs, beat the whites to a very stiff froth; then beat yolks until creamy. Add them to the mixture, then the whites, then the remaining flour, beating well after each addition of materials. Add two heaping teaspoonfuls of baking powder and flavoring. Mix thoroughly and turn into a well greased cake pan. Bake in a moderate oven 30 minutes.


## TO DIRECT BUYERS' DEMANDS

A successful merchant credits the orderliness with which his business is conducted chiefly to his advertising. The need of having fresh features to present to the public every day forces him to keep informed as to what goods are selling well and what lines have to be brought into prominence by special prices and advertising. The public shares in the benefit of his intimate knowledge of this business. He finds that he can do a great deal toward directing the demands of his customers through his advertisements.

Lima Beans
Green Peas
and
Snap Beans
in the morning.
Henry Hunter
Phone 41.

Harris Lithia Water
COLD CARBONATED AND PLAIN, at
Gardner's Fountain

## One-Cent-a-Word.

MONEY WANTED—For gilt edge city real estate loans. Southern Loan and Trust Company.

OLD man Townsend (in his shirt waist) will sell you a horse, a buggy, a wagon, or a set of harness for less money than you can buy them elsewhere. A trial will convince you. Aug. 22, 5t.

I HAVE just received the biggest lot of heavy and light weight steel shoes from ones to sixes to be applied by the most skillful man in Greensboro. E. K. Huff Aug. 22. 2t.

FINEST lot of country meat in Greensboro at W. L. Wharton & Co's. Aug. 22, 1t.

FINEST in town, Confectioneries cigars, tobacco, melons, fruits and cold drinks. I. F. West, next to Hudson's. Aug. 22. 4t.

Nice suppy of Fish tomorrow, also Ice, Drewry Howell.

WANTED—Well dressed young men to travel on road. Expenses paid. Call after 6 p. m., Central Hotel. W. L. Smart.

WE have plenty of five and ten cent goods on hand. We will start a five and ten cent. counter in a few days. Caldcleugh & Bro. 8-17 1w.

LISTEN:—This is a part of what we have: Gas portables for desk. Brackets, pendents, gas mantels, chimneys, galerys, chandeliers, both gas and combination. We also have the cheapest light on earth, the Vapor light; costss you 5 cents a week. Try one. Gate City Supply Co.

KEEP your eye on Oakland Park. A8tf

OAKLAND Park will soon be the most popular suburb of the city. See it. A8tf

EASTMAN'S kodaks and supplies sold by John B. Fariss, Druggist. n4-tf.

FOR rent, offices oppposite cout house on North Elm street. Apply to C. G. Wright. a5-t

KODAKS $5.00 to $25.00. All kinds of supplies. John B. Fariss, Druggist. n4-tf.

Bear in Mind

We keep the freshest and purest drugs and chemicals that can be obtained and assure you prompt and skilful service in filling your prescriptions.

Coble & Porter
420 Asheboro St. Phone 98.

# For Only 5 Cents!

We have just scraped in another lot of 10c and 12½c lawns. They are on our five-cent counter.

## DO YOU KNOW THE EARLY BIRD?

All summer goods must go to make room for our fall stock. ROOM, ROOM, ROOM we must have, so have made big cut on all summer dress goods, clothing, slippers, straw hats, etc. Why is our store always crowded with customers these hot August days? Because they believe that the bargains we tell them about are here, that it is as good as we say it is. So they come. They find bargains. They buy them. LOOK AT THIS:

5c lawns at 2½c. 5c. Nainsooks at 2½c. 4-4 Barker Mills bleaching 6¼. Good 4-4 bleaching 5c. 12 yards long cloth 1.15. Plaids 3c. Big cut in all Piques. — Men's Straw Hats: $1.00 hat, 48c; 75c hat 38c; 50c hat 25c.

Men's $3 shoes $2.48.

Hurry, Hurry, Hurry yourself along as these goods will go in a hurry.

# HARRY-BELK BROS. CO

CHEAPEST STORE ON EARTH.

Phone 130.

## Shop Newly Equipped

I have just completed equipping my shop with power and machinery for doing all classes of repair and new work. I am now amply prepared for doing heavy wood work, and also heavy forging. When in need of any kind of repairs very often the time saved by having it done promptly will pay for the same; and besides machinery does work better and cheaper than muscle.

I am now prepared to build on short notice any kind of a wagon you may want—a heavy dray, light spring wagon, or a farm wagon.

John Lewis.
109 Lewis Street.

DR. J. S. BETTS,
DENTIST,
Office opp. Hotel Guilford.

## The Reputation

of a store, like that of a man is no small part of its capital. Honesty is an asset which we believe our customers appreciate at its full value. Our prescription work is the best that science, experience and money can produce.

Holton's Drug Store
McAdoo House Building.

## TRINITY COLLEGE

Offers undergraduate and graduate courses. Large number of electives. Eight scientific laboraties, equipped with modern and advanced apparatus. Large additions to library. Complete gymnasium. Expenses low. Fifty scholarships to be awarded. $50,000 spent in improvements the past year. Send for catalogue.

PRESIDENT KILGO,
Durham, N. C.

**The One Day Cold Cure.**

For cold in the head and sore throat use Kermott's Chocolates Laxative Quinine, the "One Day Cold Cure."

YOU DON'T FRIGHTEN WORTH A CENT

when a raging, rampant, red hot thermometer threatens you, if your linen has been done up at Dick's Laundry. We know how to launder your linen to stand July weather so that you will look neat and comfortable regardless of the heat. Try our domestic finish. It is the latest thing out. It saves wear and tear of your linen. It is all the go in the fashionable world.

Watch for the green wagons.

Greensboro Steam Laundry
Jno. M. Dick, Proprietor.
E. A. Miller, Manager.

HICKS' CAPUDINE
Headache Cure
HAS NO BAD EFFECTS.

Read:

September 11th, 1899.
THE HICKS CHEMICAL CO.,
RALEIGH, N. C.:

Dear Sirs:—Please express to my mother, Mrs. Alice Hawkins, corner Park Avenue and Calvert streets, Norfolk, one (largest) bottle of HICK'S CAPUDINE. She finds it the best remedy for nervous headache she can get. It affords immediate relief without any unpleasant after effects.

J. H. HAWKINS,
Representing Winkleman & Brown Drug Co.

Sold in Greensboro by
GRISSOM & FORDHAM
AND FARISS' DRUGSTORE.
and all well-stocked drugstores everywhere.

# JEM DUNK'S NERVE.

Old Jem Dunk kept a tavern near Andover, Mass. Dunk was a great boaster. There was nothing under heaven that he could not do or that he had not the assurance to say he could do. That wonderful nerve of his would carry him through and enable him to do anything. In short, he was looked upon by all who knew him as a confounded old brag.

One day a party of students from Phillips academy, who were out on a "scramble," called on Jem and soon began listening to his yarns. They listened to his long stories for quite awhile until the savory gusts from the kitchen awakened in the mind of one of them, Joe Smith, a brilliant idea. Joe was the brick of the school.

Suddenly starting up, he ordered Dunk to prepare a good dinner for the party. Dunk went to the kitchen to give the order, and while he was gone Joe told his astonished companions that he intended to get out of paying for that dinner by an original piece of cheek. They were requested to keep perfectly quiet, to order whatever they wanted and be ready to second any move that he might make. Dunk was delighted, and before dinner was ready and while it was being eaten he clung to his gaping group of evidently astonished students, regaling them with stories of his wonderful nerve.

At length, dinner being over, the students returned to the barroom, where the conversation was continued. In the room stood one of those old Revolutionary wooden clocks, such as our grandfathers used to have standing in their good, old fashioned homes.

Joe's idea was about to develop itself.

"My dear, Christian friends," said he, with great gravity and earnestness, "you will have to excuse me, but it is impossible for me to take any more of this sort of thing today."

"What do you mean, young man?" asked Dunk.

"I say I'm full," replied Joe.

"Do you mean to say you doubt my word?"

"Well, perhaps not that exactly, but when you tell me such wonderful stories regarding your nerve I am inclined to think that I would rather see the practice."

"Well, sir, I am ready for anything. Name it."

"Now, gather around, fellows, and see that you all understand it. I bet $10 that he cannot sit in a chair, in front of this old clock, following the motion of the pendulum with his index finger, back and forth, thus, for an hour, saying with each vibration, 'Here she goes, there she goes.' Do you understand it?" asked Joe.

"Certainly," replied all hands.

"Agreed!" said Dunk, placing a chair before the clock.

"You see," said Joe, "it requires the greatest nerve to do this, and I bet $10 he cannot do it."

"You shall see," replied Dunk, proudly, at the same time taking a seat in the chair and commencing operations by following with his finger the slow wagging pendulum, saying, as it swung to the right, "Here she goes," and to the left, "There she goes."

He was evidently greatly in earnest, as this would convince them beyond a doubt regarding his great nerve. Joe watched him for a few moments and then whispered to and motioned his friends to leave the place, which they were not slow in doing, although they did so with much ease and great quiet. Joe kept up an imaginary conversation after they had gone for a few moments, and then, remarking that it was not fair to talk or bother Dunk in any way, he walked about the room two or three times and then quietly walked out and joined his companions.

After half an hour had elapsed Dunk's wife came into the room and, of course, asked him what in the world he was doing. But he only shook his head and kept at his task, "Here she goes; there she goes." She thought he was crazy and got frightened. She yelled for help, and the servants came in; then the neighbors came in. Everybody thought he had gone mad (and he was, because they kept bothering him). Then they sent for the doctor, and just as he arrived, Dunk finished his task and leaped triumphantly to his feet.

"There, by thunder!" he exclaimed, "I've won the $10. Talk to me about nerve. I—I—where—where?" he gasped, looking round the room for Joe Smith and his party.

"Where what?" demanded his wife.

"Where is the man who bet me $10 I couldn't follow that pendulum with my index finger for one hour, saying, 'Here she goes; there she goes.' Where is he?"

"He has skipped, you old simpleton," replied his disgusted better half, who saw through the huge joke that had been played upon her husband. "I saw them running down the road an hour ago."

"Sold!" faintly breathed Dunk as he sloped out of the room. For years afterward it was not safe to say to Jem Dunk, "Here she goes; there she goes."—New York News.

**Probably She Didn't.**

"How are you getting on at your new place?" asked a lady of a new girl whom she had recommended for a situation.

"Very well, thank you," replied the girl.

"I am very glad to hear it," said the lady. "Your employer is a very nice lady, and you cannot do too much for her."

"I don't mean to, ma'am," was the innocent reply.—Stray Stories.

**Filipino Amusements.**

A favorite game which Filipino men and women will sit and play together for hours is sune kahan. It is played with shells, on a board which has a bank on each end, boat shaped. On the board are 12 holes in two rows. The players divide the board so each one has one side of the boat, and they start out with six shells in each pile. The game seems to be to get the shells in each bank, scooping them out of the holes. It is a game that requires a good deal of counting and calculation.—Philadelphia Call.

The wolf in the fable put on sheep's clothing because if he traveled on his own reputation he couldn't accomplish his purpose. Counterfeiters of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve couldn't sell their worthless salves on their own merits, so they put them in boxes and wrappers like DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cures piles and all skin diseases. Howard Gardner. Aug.

THAT THROBBING HEADACHE.

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold at C. E. Holton's drug store.

QUESTIONS ANSWERED.

Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers and grandmothers never thought of using anything else for indigestion or biliousness. Doctors were scarce, and they seldom heard of appendicitis, nervous prostration or heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headaches and othaches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to moke you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. For sale by Grissom & Fordham.

**Gentle Grip Glasses**

So gentle they do not hurt the most tender nose; still so firm, so wonderfully secure. The "know how" in adjusting does it. The know how and the DO in these little things have made our glasses and our work so well liked. Dont forget the children's eyes. Drs. R. L. & E. H. Moore, 112 E. Market St.

**SCAVENGER SERVICE.**

Clean work. Respectful attention. Cheap rates. Complaints of patrons cheerfully and promptly considered. Send order by postal card to

SANITARY DEPARTMENT,
A. & M. COLLEGE.

**Biggest and Best.**

THE GATE CITY STEAM LAUNDRY is now prepared to do all kinds of laundry in the very best style. Having recently put in a large new mangle with a lot of other new machinery we can afford to do your work as cheap as can be done anywhere and guarantee entire satisfaction. We have also changed our wagons from green and red to white—they are not old wagons painted over, so please note the change and watch for the WHITE WAGONS—they will not hurt you and see that your laundry goes to THE GATE CITY, THE BIGGEST AND BEST,

114 Fayetteville Street.
W. A. Fields, Proprietor.
F. B. Reid, Mgr.
Phone 176.

**TAR HEEL** Cough Syrup, it cures. 25c.

**GUESSES AT HIGH POINT.**

**Some of the Folks Out There Think They Have a Pretty Big Town and Others Say Not so Large.**

Correspondence of The Telegram.

High Point, Aug. 15—The following guesses under our offer of a years' subscription to The Telegram to the best guesses, have been received:

| | |
|---|---|
| Ed. Millis | 4,210 |
| Virgila J. Idol | 4,228 |
| J. J. McDonald, Greensboro | 4,710 |
| J. B. Bradford | 4,463 |
| F L Montgomery | 6,000 |
| Rev J R Scroggs | 3,950 |
| E D Steele | 4,252 |
| R A Wheeler | 4,911 |
| T M Montgomery | 5,975 |
| John W. Wilborn | 4 467 |
| Geo. A. Matton | 4,111 |
| P W Echelman | 4,450 |
| Alvin Parker | 4 319 |
| Marvin Jordan | 5,250 |
| Chas Long | 4,500 |
| Miss Mamie Smith | 4,400 |
| Miss Maie Stamey | 4,375 |
| Mrs H Hoffman | 4,444 |
| Jodie Hoffmann | 4,666 |
| Miss Maude Stamey | 4,777 |
| L. J. Ingram | 5,202 |
| J. Elwood Cox | 4,250 |
| Fred Jones | 4,363 |
| Earl Carter | 5,210 |
| Homer Wheeler | 5,000 |
| J C Barbee | 5,019 |
| Pat Partridge | 4.400 |
| O. E Kearns | 3,900 |
| Wescott Robeson | 4,330 |
| J. L. Parrish | 4,373 |
| Lee Cartland | 4,250 |
| S. L. Davis | 4,785 |
| Percy Kirkman | 4,660 |
| J. L Sechrest | 4,550 |
| Dr. A. P. Staley | 4:228 |
| J. G. Scroggs | 3,500 |
| J. F Hoffman | 4,400 |
| Dr. J. J. Cox | 4,250 |
| Dr. J. W. Burton | 4,871 |
| C. C. Barbee | 3,995 |
| J. W Harris | 4,328 |
| O. A. Kirkman | 6,055 |
| Frank Gurley | 4.600 |
| Wm. A Ring | 4,560 |
| J. Henry Mills | 5,000 |
| Walter Lovelace | 3,900 |
| J. C. Davis | 4,900 |
| W. T. Rankin | 4,500 |
| Capt. W. E Johns | 4.300 |
| F. M. Pickett | 4,356 |
| E. M. Armfield | 4,100 |
| E A. Shepard | 4,530 |
| Harry Hoffman | 4,850 |
| Dr. J. W. McNaily | 4,273 |
| A. B. Sapp | 4,200 |
| Jed Kirkman | 4,323 |
| A. V. Sapp | 4,400 |
| Howard Paylor | 4,109 |
| Dr. A. E. Frazier | 4,177 |
| J. E Fraley | 4,240 |
| J. B Best | 4,500 |
| J. T. Bennett | 4,149 |
| Chas Ingram | 4,865 |
| L. S. Earnhardt | 5,500 |
| Jim Ried | 4,900 |
| H. Burns | 5,200 |
| J. E. Jones | 5,850 |
| A. S. Ellison | 4,779 |
| A. E. Barbee | 4,085 |
| Dick Hoskins | 4,253 |
| Dr. J. A. Turner | 4,200 |
| Prof Geo. H. Crowell | 4,293 |
| Dr. W. G. Bradshaw | 4,127 |
| Dr. D. A. Stanton | 4,163 |
| J. W. Johnson | 5,017 |
| M. J. Wrenn | 5,237 |
| C. H. Prevast | 4,300 |
| C. A. Ring | 4,180 |
| C. F. Shelton | 4.050 |
| A. R. Hammer | 3,995 |
| Dr. J. R. Reitzel | 4,599 |
| A. L Jones | 4,950 |
| J. G. Bodenheimer | 4,560 |
| C. M. Cutling | 4,963 |
| W. H. Dudley | 4,090 |
| W. P. Welch | 4,900 |
| H. K Campbell | 5,024 |
| Arthur Ellison | 4,023 |
| Miss Anna Taylor, Greensboro | 5,000 |
| Miss Lilly Taylor, Greensboro | 4,225 |
| W S Lohr, Trinity, | 4,520 |
| Miss V Smith | 4,250 |
| Miss Sallie Love, Greensboro, | 4,698 |
| Miss Maggie Kelly, Greensboro, | 4,550 |
| Chas C Hudson | 4,981 |
| Lute Glascock | 4,300 |
| Donahue Smith | 4,777 |
| Mrs J B Harvey | 4,197 |
| Miss Jessie Hendley, Greensboro | 4.450 |
| A R Harrison | 5,225 |
| Howard Maxwell | 5,400 |
| Loyd Lindsay | 4,241 |
| Mrs. W. O. Brown, Hickory, | 4,185 |
| Miss Mabel Sechrest | 4,444 |
| Molly Sechrest | 5,111 |
| Walter Reitzel, Liberty, | 5 230 |
| Mrs. J. M. Sechrest | 4,900 |
| Miss Lillian Owen, Greensboro, | 4,375 |
| D. L. Clark | 4,500 |
| R. A. Slaughter | 4,2'0 |
| Robert Burns | 5,500 |
| June A. Johnson | 3,900 |
| W. S. Smith | 5,020 |
| J. L Krober | 4,897 |
| James Ward | 5,400 |
| Gus Kelly | 4,999 |
| E H C Field | 4,263 |
| Theirs Leach, New York | 4,400 |
| L Moyer | 4,393 |
| Ed Kearns | 4,900 |
| J R Davis | 6,000 |
| T H Patton | 4,375 |
| R E Wilkinson | 5,002 |
| Mrs J L Birkman, Marion | 4,119 |
| Miss Lala Smith, Greensboro | 5,999 |
| J F Reitzell, Baldwin, Fla | 4,111 |
| D C Leonard, Henry | 4,444 |
| Miss M L Bannon, Macon, Ga | 4,311 |
| N G Holt | 3,999 |
| Bob Jones | 4,550 |
| Frank Brown | 4,620 |
| M T Parker | 3,900 |

I guess High Point's population to be_____

Name_____

Street_____

Date_____

## Guess Greensboro's Population

Everybody is curious to know what the census just completed will show Greensboro's population to be. The Telegram will give a year's subscription to the person who makes the nearest guess, and six months subscription to the second nearest guesser. Cut out this coupon, fill it out, and send it in:

I guess Greensboro's population to be_____

Name_____

Street_____

Date_____

EDITOR'S AWFUL PLIGHT.

F. M. Higgins, Editor Seneca, (Ill.) News, was afflicted for years with piles that no doctor or remedy helped until he tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve. He writes two boxes wholly cured him. It's the surest pile cure on earth and the best Salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents. Sold by C. E. Holton, druggist.

Millions will be spent in politics this year. We can't keep the campaign going without money any more than we can keep the body vigorous without food. Dyspeptics use to starve themselves. Now Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and allows you to eat all the good food you want. It radically cures stomach troubles. Howard Gardner. Aug.

You will never find any other pills so prompt and so pleasant as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Howard Gardner. Aug.

**MISS) JOY HARRIS, M. D.**

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and Residence 123 Summit Ave.
(Mrs. Payne's office)
Office hours: 8 to 10 a. m., 3 to 4 pm.

**Typewriters for Sale**

New, rebuilt and second hand at very low prices. J. S. MOORE, 104 Southern Loan & Trust Co's. Building. Phone 194.

**50,000 Celery Plants**

Giant Paschal, Golden Self-Blanching, White and Pink Plume. The Giant Paschal is the best variety for this section, as it is the best grower and stands drouth better. Strong transplanted plants 40c per hundred; $3 per thousand. Plants from seed beds, 20c per hundred; $1 50 per thousand. Now ready for delivery.

**J. Van Lindley Nursery Co.**

Pomona, N. C. (Near Greensboro)
Long Distance Phone 60

**LADIES** DO YOU KNOW
DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S
**STEEL AND PENNYROYAL PILLS**
are the original and only FRENCH, safe and reliable cure on the market. Price $1.00; sent by mail. Genuine sold only by

Sold only by
**Jno. B. Fariss,**
Druggist 121 S. Elm St.

**WANTED**

**Operatives for New England Cotton Mills.**

HIGH WAGES, SHORT HOURS.
58 to 60 hours labor.

Weavers $8.00 to $10.00.
Speeder Tenders $7.00 to $9.00,
Others in Proportion.

Apply to E. B.,
P. O. office Box 850.
Providence, R. I.

**HUNT YOUR CLOTHES**

and send them to the High Point Steam Laundry, where they will be laundried as white as the driven snow Do not send your work off but patronize a home industry. We guarantee satisfaction. Our wagon will call for and deliver your work promptly.

HIGH POINT STEAM LAUNDRY,
Welch Bl'dg, next to J. W. Sechrest's Undertaking Establishment. jul 13-1mo.

In India, the land of famine, thousands die because they cannot obtain food. In America, the land of plenty, many suffer and die because they cannot digest the food they eat. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. It instantly relieves and radically cures all stomach troubles. Howard Gardner. Aug.

**H. J. BLAUVELT,**
**ARCHITECT,**
**WINSTON, N. C.**

A THOUSAND TONGUES.

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard st., Philadelphia, Pa, when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"it soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the Universe." So will every one who tries Dr. Kings' New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c. and $1. Trial bottles free at C. E. Holton's drug store; every bottle guaranteed.

A GRAND EXCURSION TO WILMINGTON, AUGUST 22.

The Southern Railway will operate an excursion train from Wilkesboro, Winston-Salem, Greensboro and intermediate points on August 22nd. Train leaves Wilkesboro at 7 a. m., round trip rate $3 50; Winston-Salem 10:02 a. m., round trip rate $2.50: Greensboro 11:05, round trip rate $2 25. This train will be operated via Raleigh and Goldsboro and will arrive at Wilmington at 6 p. m, returning leave Wilmington at 8 p. m., on August 24th, giving two days and two nights at the sea shore.

For further information call on your depot agent or write R. L. Vernon, T. P. A. Charlotte, N. C. tf.

1838 1900

**GREENSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE**
NORTH CAROLINA.

Fall Term Begins September 12th, 1900.

CATALOGUE ON APPLICATION.
DRED PEACOCK, Pres.

**The University of North Carolina**

The head of the state's educational system.

Three academic courses leading to Degrees. Professional courses in law, medicine and pharmacy. Summer school for teachers.

Tuition $60. Scholarships and loans to needy. Free tuiton to candidates for the Ministry, Minister's sons and teachers.

512 students besides 161 in summer school. 38 teachers in the faculty.

**F. P. VENABLE, PRES.,**
Chapel Hill, N. C.

**COKE DANDRUFF CURE**

Cures Dandruff, Falling Hair, Brittle Hair and all Scalp Troubles, such as Itching, Eczema, Eruptions, etc Purely Vegetable, harmless and reliable.

**Cure Guaranteed**

*even after all other remedies have failed, or money refunded.*

**A CHICAGO MAN WRITES:**

6361 Parnell Ave., Chicago, May 15, 1899.
I used "Coke Dandruff Cure" for baldness and after two weeks using the hair began to grow. Inside of six weeks my head was covered with hair. Also cured my daughter of the worst case of dandruff imaginable.
L. ED. KORTE.

For Sale by all Druggists and Barbers. Treatise on Hair and Scalp Troubles free on request.

**A. R. BREMER CO., • Chicago.**

**FOR SALE BY**

**JOHN B. FARISS.**

Druggist, 121 South Elm street.

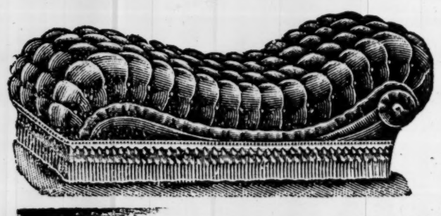
# GOLDSTEIN & SHEVEL'S

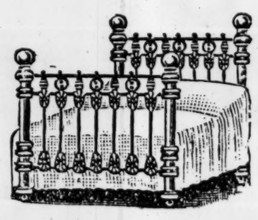
THE HEYWOOD.

## Mid-Summer Reduction Sale.

At the Big Furniture Store, where special bargains are now being offered in all grades of furniture, as it must be sold to make room for the immense fall stock which will soon begin to arrive. Now is the time to furnish your house with beautiful goods cheaper than ever before, such as Handsome Bed Room Suits in Oak and Mahogany, Couches, Morris Chairs, Rockers, Parlor Pieces, Ladies' Desks, Book Cases, China Closets, Chiffoniers, Centre Tables, Brass and Iron Beds, Hair Mattresses, Baby Carriages, Go-Carts, Cook Stoves, Sewing Machines, etc.

**Come early and make your selections before the rush.**





## FOR THE FARMER.

In a wet season only the most carefully constructed stacks will escape without damage to the grain, says a writer in The American Agriculturist. Select a piece of level ground and start the bottom by putting up a large round shock. Increase this until it is the size of the bottom of stack, letting the bundles slant outward gradually, but not so much as to permit any of the heads of grain to rest on the ground. The bottom should be perfectly circular; otherwise a good stack cannot be made. One of the main points is to keep the stack highest in the center and as solid as possible at the bottom. Some make the mistake of piling loose straw in the bottom. This will settle more than the outer layers of bundles and form a depression. The bundles will slant inward and the stack take water.

The bundles, especially in the upper half of the stack, must slant outward. The mistake is often made of keeping the center too high in the lower half of the stack. When the upper part is reached, there will be great danger of the sides slipping out. The center is then permitted to become more flat as the top is approached. At the point where drawing in begins an extra circle of bundles should be laid inside of the outer row so as to make the center considerably higher than the outside. As a rule, the stack should be smaller at the base than the middle. This will cause the outer rows of bundles to slant downward, as they settle faster than those in the middle. The top of the stack need not run to a very high point. Flat tops are, of course, to be avoided, but draw in gradually and do not run up too high. Do not allow one side of the stack to extend farther out than the other or it will lean when finished or will settle to one side and take water if there is much rain.

It is the best to use a fork with a rather short handle in stacking, as the operator can then avoid stepping on the outer rows of bundles, besides making it possible for him to place them steeper and more slanting on the outer row. The center of stack will also be firmer and settle least. The work will be more easily and quickly accomplished than when the operator simply uses his hands.

### Selling Hay.

We have heard of a man who thought he was making money by selling his grass standing or hiring it cut and selling the hay, says the American Cultivator. He had what is often called a natural grass farm, moist enough to insure a pretty good crop every year, when in fair condition. For many years he had run it as a dairy farm, keeping considerable stock and manuring his fields heavily. At last old age and a well earned competence decided him to leave the farm, and instead of renting it out for some one else to skin off what he had put on the land he put it all in grass. Then he sold grass or hay, as seemed best at the time, and when the fields began to get thin they were given a very liberal dressing of commercial fertilizer. He said he received more than the fertilizer cost, enough to enable him to lay up more money than he could when working the farm. How long he would be able to do this we do not know, but we think the soil would soon begin to show a lack of humus or some other element of plant food. But if he succeeds according to his plan it will be by reason of the condition of the soil when he began. The large applications of fertilizers would be likely to keep the condition good for a long time. Not every one could do so well.

### Cheap Nitrogen In Cowpeas.

The five acres of potatoes that we planted in a cowpea sod show pretty conclusively that it is not necessary to buy nitrogen for such a soil, says a correspondent of The National Stockman. The land was not in condition for potatoes, being better adapted to wheat. The peas last summer grew very rank, and the vines, turning under last fall, were a rich, rotted mass of material for making potato growth this spring. The potato vines in this field have all the nitrogen they need, if one may judge by the dark color of the leaves and good growth. While clover should be rated above peas as a fertilizer, I should greatly prefer peas, followed by rye in winter, as a preparation for potatoes to such clover as is grown on most old land. We applied a phosphate on the most of this field, as it was reasonable to suppose that some phosphoric acid would be needed, but the unfertilized rows have made as good growth as the remainder of the field having the dressing of treated rock. A difference in yield at digging time may pay the fertilizer bill.

### Butter Tests.

Some of the old time tests of butter cows before the Babcock was invented and before the days of absolute accuracy in work were extremely fallacious. An early test on record reports 21 pounds of butter from 121 pounds of milk. To produce this would require milk with 15 per cent of butter fat, something which has never been heard of as a normal product.—New England Farmer.

### Cow Pasture.

The Northwest Farmer says cows should be kept by themselves and given the best pasture. When they are running on the same pasture with horses, sheep and pigs, they don't have a fair chance. The dry stock monopolize all the nice, fresh bites so essential to a good flow of milk. Calves worry them in the field and are better out of sight at milking time.

### He Was Admitted.

Fortunately when red tape comes in contact with common sense it is red tape which goes to the wall. A good story is told of a military official who devised a system which compelled every one who went on business to General Banks to procure a ticket from a member of the staff, the presentation of which at the door gained his admission. One day a burly colonel came to the door of the private office at headquarters and requested that his name be given to the general.

"Have you a ticket?" he was asked.

"A ticket!" echoed the colonel, with scorn. "No, sir, I haven't."

"You can't enter here without one," was the reply.

"Sir," said the colonel, "when General Banks becomes a puppet show, and I have 25 cents to spare, I'll buy a ticket to see him, not before." He was admitted.

### The Sleepless Seven.

"There were seven of the 12," said one of the discharged jurors in speaking of the matter next morning, "who didn't want to sleep themselves and wouldn't let the rest of us sleep. Whenever we dropped into a doze, they came around and shook us till we were wide awake again."

"And you had to submit, I suppose, for they constituted the majority?"

"Yes, they were the rousing majority," said the hollow eyed juror, with a pensive attempt to be facetious.—Chicago Tribune.

Never say die. Expire sounds much better.—Chicago News.


## THE NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE OF Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

TECHNICAL EDUCATION IN Agriculture, Stock-raising, Horticulture; Mechanical, Civil, and Electrical Engineering, Textile Industry, Chemistry, and Architecture.

PRACTICAL TRAINING IN Carpentry, Wood-turning, Blacksmithing, Machine-work, Mill-work, Boiler-tending, Engine-tending, and Dynamo-tending.

Tuition, $20 a year; board, $8 a month. Next session opens September 6th. Entrance examinations in each county court-house, July 28th, 10 o'clock, a. m., also at the college September 4th and 5th.

For full information, address

**PRESIDENT GEO. T. WINSTON, RALEIGH, N. C.**

## The State Normal and Industrial College OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Offers to young women thorough literary, classical, scientific and industrial education and special pedagogical training. Annual expenses $92 to $132; for non-residents, $152. Faculty of 30 members. More than 400 regular students. Has matriculated about 2,000 students, representing every county in the state except one. Practice and Observation School of about 250 pupils. To secure board in dormitories, all free-tuition application should be made before August 1. Correspondence invited from those desiring competent trained teachers For catalogue and other information address until August 15th

CHARLES D. McIVER, Pres. PROF. J. Y. JOYNER, Dean of College.

## R. P. Walters,

FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT

## Insurance

118 S. Elm St., Hotel Guilford B'ld'g,

REPRESENTING

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York; Maryland Casualty of Baltimore. Md.; and a select line of Fire Insurance Companies.

LOCATION OF FIRE ALARMS

12 Intersection of North Greene and Clay Streets, near Farmers' Warehouse.
13 Corner West Market and Eugene Streets near Col Winstead's.
14 Corner West Market and Cedar Streets, near A. & Y. Railroad.
15 North West Corner Court House Square.
23 Corner Lindsay and Church Streets, near the Graded School.
24 Corner East Market and North Forbis Streets, near electric light station.
25 Corner East Market and Linton Streets, beyond railroad.
32 Corner South Elm and East Washington Streets, near McAdoo House.
34 East Washington Street, just east of railroad, near Mrs. Owen's.
35 Intersection of Asheboro, Fayetteville and Gorrell Streets, Keogh's corner.
42 South Elm and Buchanan Streets, Clegg's corner.
43 West Washington and Spring Streets, near A. T. Robinson's.
45 Walker Avenue and Mendenhall Street, Jeffries' corner.
52 Corner West Lee and Ashe Streets, near Glascock's foundry.
53 Corner Arlington and East Lee Streets, near St. Andrew's church.
62 Corner Pearson and East Lee Streets.
63 Corner Asheboro and East Bragg Streets near Graded School.

A. M. SCALES J. I. SCALES

## SCALES & SCALES,

**Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,**

GREENSBORO, N. C.

### Second-Hand School Books.

Wharton Bros. will pay cash or exchange for the following second-hand school books: Holmes' Readers, Stickney's First, Second, and Third Readers, Stickney's, Munro's and Cyr's Primers, Harrington's Spellers, Maury's Geographies, Fry's Geographies, Harvey's Grammars, Hyde's Grammars, Southworth & Goddard's Grammar, Collar & Daniel's Beg. Latin, Montgomery's Leading Facts in English History, Montgomery's Beg. Am. Hist., Hansell's History, Barne's Ancient Hist., Spencer's History of N. C., Moore's History of N. C, Dodge's Stories of Am. Hist, Venerable's Arithmetics, Sanford's Arithmetics, Wentworth's New School Algebra. Bring them in at once.

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Charlotte, N. C. Atlanta, Ga.

### ROBBED THE GRAVE.

A startling incident, of which Mr John Oliver, of Philadeldhia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows; "I was in a most dreadful condition tion. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides; no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying Electric Bitters: and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents per bottle at C. E. Holton's drug store.


*DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM GREENSBORO, N. C.*

MAIN LINE—NORTHBOUND,

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| No. 34, | Fast Mail | 11.44 p. m. |
| " 36, | Fast Mail | 12.23 p. m. |
| " 38, | Vestibule | 10.47 p. m, |
| " 12, | Passenger | 9.55 p. m. |
| " 8, | Local | 7.55 a. m. |

SOUTHBOUND,

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| No. 33, | Fast Mail | 5.48 a. m. |
| " 35, | Fast Mail | 7.10 p. m. |
| " 37, | Vestibule | 7.05 a. m. |
| " 11, | Passenger | 7.37 a. m. |
| " 7, | Local | 6 40 p. m. |

FOR RALEIGH.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| No. 16, | Passenger | 12.25 p. m. |
| " 8, | Passenger | 7.55 a. m. |
| " 12, | for Raleigh | 12.01 a. m. |

FOR WINSTON-SALEM.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| No. 107, | Daily ex. Sunday | 12.35 p. m. |
| " 105, | Daily | 8.25 a. m. |
| " 109, | Daily | 7.20 p. m. |

A. & Y. DIVISION.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| For | Wilmington | 12 25 p. m. |
| " | Mt. Airy | 4.12 p. m. |
| " | Ramseur | 2.40 p. m. |
| | Madison | 9.35 a. m. |

## Southern Railw'y

IN EFFECT JULY 22, 1900.

**This condensed schedule is published as information and is subject to change without notice to the public**

**Trains leave Greensboro, N. C.**

5 48 a m—No 33 daily, Florida Express south for Charlotte, Columbia, Savannah, Augusta, Jacksonville and Tampa. Pullman drawing room buffet sleeping cars and day coach.

7:05 a m—No. 37 daily. Washington & Southwestern Limited for Charlotte, Atlanta, Birmingham, Memphis, Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points south. Through Pullman Sleeper New York to New Orleans; New York to Memphis: New York to Nashville; Pullman observation car New York to Macon; vestibuled coach Washington to Atlanta. Tourist sleeper Washington to San Francisco Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday without change. Dining Cars serve all meals

7:37 a m—No. 11, daily, for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South. Connects at Salisbury for Asheville, Knoxville and Chattanooga

7:55 a m—No. 8, daily, for Danville, Richmond Norfolk and local stations.

7:55 a m—No. 8, daily, for Raleigh, Goldsboro and local points. Connects at Selma with train for Wilson, Rocky Weldon and local points: at Goldsboro for Norfolk, Newbern and Morehead City.

8:25 a m—No. 105 for Winston, Wilkesboro and local points. Daily to Winston-Salem Daily except Sunday to Wilkesboro.

9 35—No 46, daily except Sunday for Madison and local points.

12:23 p m—No. 36, daily. United States Fast Mail, for Washington, Richmond and all points North. Carries through Pullman Drawing Room Buffet Sleeper New Orleans to New York; Jacksonville to New York. Dining cars serve all meals.

No. 16 leaves Greensboro 12:25 p m daily for Raleigh, Goldsboro and local points

12 25 p m—No 52 for Sanford. Connects with A. C. L. for Fayettevillo and local points south.

12:35 p m—No. 107, daily except Sunday for Winston-Salem.

2:40 p m—No 47, daily except Sunday for Ramseur and local points.

4:12 p m—No 53 for Mt Airy and local stations

6:40 p m—No 7, daily, for Charlotte and local points; connects at Salisbury for Knoxville, Chattanooga. Pullman sleeper operated from Salisbury to Memphis.

7:10 p m—No. 25 daily. United States Fast Mail for Charlotte, Atlanta, and all points South and Southwest. Connects at Charlotte for Columbia, Augusta, Savannah, Jacksonville and local stations. Pullman Drawing Room Buffet Sleeper New York to New Orleans; New York to Jacksonville; Charlotte to Birmingham; Charlotte to Augusta.

7:25 p m—No 109, daily for Winston-Salem

9:55 p m—No 12, daily for Reidsville, Danville, Richmond, and local points north.

10:47 p m—No. 38, daily. Washington & Southwestern Limited for Washington and all points North. Pullman Sleepers to Washington, Baltimore and New York.

11.44 p. m—No. 34 daily, Florida Express North, carries through Pullman cars Jacksonville to New York Charlotte to Richmond; Charlotte to Norfolk.

12:01 a. m—No. 12, daily, for Raleigh and local points. Pullman Sleeper operated from Greensboro to Raleigh.

**First sections of all scheduled freight trains carry passengers between points at which they are scheduled to stop.**

JOHN M. CULP, Traffic Manager. FRANK S. GANNON, 2d V. P & Gen. Mgr

W. A. Turk, Gen. Pas. Agt., Washington, D. C

R. L. Vernon, Trav. Pas. Agt., Charlotte, N. C.

J. B. Graham, Ticket Agent, Greensboro, N. C.


## John Orzali,

Practical Boot and Shoe Maker,

102 N. Elm Street, Opp. Court House.

Lion Coffee 12½c pound.

10 Cases "Shredded Wheat" biscuit received direct from the factory.

J. W. SCOTT & CO.

NEW DRAPERIES--Silk, Tapestry and Chintz, the latter especially designed for hammock and porch pillows.

BROWN'S.

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NEGLIGEE SHIRTS

REDUCED TO

75c.

STRAW HATS

AT

FIRST COST

MERRITT, BROWER & COMPANY

HUFF

says nothing but saws wood into the finest delivery wagons. Prompt attention to special designs July 6.

### THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina: Generally fair tonight and Thursday, except local rains on coast. Light to fresh north winds.

Highest temperature at Greensboro past twenty-four hours ending eight o'clock this morning 87, lowest 68: rainfall, .33.

### SHORT STATEMENTS.

**A Few Things Jotted Down on the Reporter's Notebook and Reproduced Here.**

Mr. D. A. Bowles is critically ill at his home on Morehead avenue.

Remember the Gate City Band's free concert tomorrow night. It will take place on the court house green.

Rev. Dr. R. W. Weaver will conduct the prayer meeting at West Washington Street Baptist church tonight.

Mr. G. O. Wilson, who has been confined to his room by rheumatism for a week or more, is able to be out.

A melon feast was given at the home of Mr. S. M. Embry, on Walker avenue, last night in honor of Miss Hutchins, of Danville.

One of the section hands on the Southern Railway was killed near Elkin this morning by the caving in of an embankment.

Mr. B. F. Sprinkle, of Reidsville, lost his residence by fire yesterday afternoon. The house had been recently built at a cost of $5,000.

An excursion from Wilkesboro to Wilmington passed through today at noon, going by way of Goldsboro. It was run by the railroad company.

The Simpson Shields Shoe Company has received a large new safe. Several men spent a good portion of the day rolling it up street from the depot.

The new ordinances in regard to spitting on the sidewalks and loafing around the postoffice and depot were posted today, and henceforth the public is expected to be on guard.

The Telegram is told that another new and handsome business house is soon to be erected on South Elm street. The plans have not yet been decided upon, but the building will probably be as handsome as any in the city.

**Will Vote for Bonds Next Time.**

A gentleman from High Point here today says yesterday's fire was a sufficient warning to the people of his town and that the next bond election for a waterworks system will be carried. Such a proposition has been voted down three times within the past year or two, but yesterday's costly lesson has shown the people their utter helplessness. If it had not been for a rainstorm which checked the fire the entire business portion of the town would, in all probability, have been destroyed.

**Lost His Library.**

There are those whose loss by the High Point fire yesterday afternoon are heavier, but none who regret it more than W. P. Ragan. His law office, upon which he had expended a considerable amount of money, was destroyed. He carried insurance to the amount of only $450, but his library was valued at $1,500. Mr. Ragan says he had a number of books that cannot be replaced by money.

**"Drunk and Dressed Up."**

Walter Wade, a white man from Proximity, got gloriously drunk yesterday afternoon and proceeded to enjoy himself. Surrounded by a crowd of boys, he was holding a very satistory little celebration on Pitt's & Monroe's lumber yard, when Policeman Jeffreys came along and broke up the fun. The intoxicated citizen was placed in the calaboose and given an opportunity to cool off.

**Mr. Collins and Mrs. Boyd Married.**

Mr. D. H. Collins and Mrs. Roberta Boyd, of this city, were married at Muir's Chapel last night, the ceremony being performed by Rev. A. G. Kirkman in the presence of a few friends. No announcement of the marriage had been made, and it came in the nature of a surprise to their many friends, who extend congratulations.

**Bound Over to Court.**

Alex. Jordan, colored, who shot and dangerously wounded his wife two weeks ago, was given a preliminary hearing yesterday afternoon and bound over to the Superior Court. His wife was able to attend the trial. Along with her husband, she insists that the shooting was accidental.

Graded schools will soon open. Your children's eyes may need attention. See Drs. Moore.

D. Bendheim & Sons

The Final Wind-Up Of The Summer Sale Season : :

| | |
|---|---|
| One lot Dimity Lawns at | 2⅞ |
| One lot 10c Lawns at | 5 |
| One lot yard wide best quality percals at | 8¾ |
| One lot Fine "Johnson" Madras | 8¾ |
| One case Barker 4-4 bleached cotton at | 6⅞ |
| One lot fast black lawns | 5 |
| One lot brown sheeting at | 3⅝ |
| One lot toweling crashes at | 2⅞ |
| One lot white bed spreads, 1.00 kind at | 79 |
| One lot ladies ribbed vests at | 4 |
| One lot ladies white shirt waists, 2 rows inserting at | 29 |
| One lot shelf oil cloth at | 5 |
| One lot ladies colored shirt waists, sold as high as 150 at | 69 |
| One lot ladies crash skirts, white braid trimmed at | 33 |
| One lot ladies duck skirts | 75 |
| One lot boys shirt waists | 21 |
| One ladies pure linen hemstitched handkerchiefs at | 5 |
| One lot infants' ready made pinless diapers at | 12½ |
| One lot velvet ribbons at, pc | 25 |
| One lot lace beading, at doz | 19 |
| One lot ladies lisle thread hose, drop stitch or plain at | 25 |
| One lot ladies wrappers at | 69 |
| One lot ceildren's umbrellas at | 48 |
| One lot ladies silk serge umbrellas | 89 |
| One lot fancy parasols worth 1.50 at | 75 |
| One lot extra large towels at | 9 |
| One lot ladies ties | 12½ |
| One lot sunbonnets at | 12½ |
| One lot curtain scrim at | 3⅞ |
| One lot ladies black lawn waists, worth up to 75c at | 39 |
| One lot pure white French organdies worth up to 50c yd. at | 15 |
| On lot silk taffeta ribbons, desirable colors and white and black 3½ to 5 inches wide at 15c, 17c and | 19 |
| One lot duck, neat figures on navy and black ground at | 10 |
| One lot full bleached table damask at | 23 |
| Lot hemstitched white goods for waists | 10 |
| Lot Linen crash for skirts | 5 |
| One lot dress ginghams | 4 |

D. Bendheim & Sons

PURE SPICES .....AND PEPPER

If you want the best SPICES AND PEPPER for seasoning your preserves, pickles, etc. We have them—Gilpen, Langdon & Co's.—and they don't cost you any more than the inferior kinds.

Jno. B. Fariss,

Druggist 321 S. Elm St.

Huyler's Candies
Eastman Kodaks
and Supplies

HAVE YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED

Where only licensed men are allowed to handle Drugs.

GRISSOM & FORDHAM,

Prescription Druggists.

☞Agents Kern's Fine Candies.

Money to Loan

on improved city real estate in sums of from $200.00 to $5000.00. Apply to the

People's Savings Bank

J. W. SCOTT, President.
J. AD. HODGIN, Treasurer.

White Shirt Waists Must Go

Our white shirt waists (what we have left) must be sold. We don't want to keep a single one of them over and will not have to if low prices will sell them. Reader, if you wear white shirt waists you cannot afford to let this opportunity pass unnoticed. We mean business.

J. M. Hendrix & Co.

COMMENCED BUSINESS, OCTOBER 2D, 1899.

J. W. FRY, President. J. S. COX, Vice-Pres. W. E. ALLEN, Sec. Treas

Greensboro Loan and Trust Company.

Capital Stock, $100.000.00.

Furnish travellers letters of credit, available in all parts of the world. Does a general banking business. Makes loans on improved real estate. Negotiates mortgages and acts as trustee Acts as guardian, executor and administrator of estates. Safety deposit boxes for rent.

A Legal Depository of Court and Trust Funds.

Trust funds to loan on improved city property.

DIRECTORS.

J. A. Odell, R. M. Rees, Geo. S. Sergeant, R. R. King, J. S. Cox, John Gill, Baltimore, Md., W. H. Watkins, Ramseur, N. C., O. R. Cox, Cedar Fall, N. C., W. F. Williams, Red Spgs., N. C., J. A. Hadley, Mt. Airy, N. C, S. Bryant, Randleman, N. C., J. Elwood Cox, High Point, N., B. F. Mebane, W. L. Grissom, W. D. McAdoo, R. P. Gray, J. W. Fry

We Offer This Week

TWO BIG BARGAINS IN Fine Shoes

Fifty pairs ladies fine Oxfords, made by Cahill, the Carlisle Shoe Co., and the Hamilton-Brown Shoe Co., all new and up to date styles

AT $1.50.

Forty pairs men's fine vici kid shoes, tan and black, worth from $2.50 to $3.50

AT $2.25.

Thacker & Brockmann

THE BINGHAM SCHOOL ORANGE COUNTY, NEAR MEBANE, N. C.

ESTABLISHED 1793

Offers a safe, healthful and beautiful country home on Southern R. R., wholesome and abundant food and plenty of shade, pure water and fresh air. Scholarships, prizes and medals. Gymnasium Instructor, Literary Societies. Outdoor sports enjoyed. Seven teachers in faculty, graduates. Bible, classical, scientific and business courses. For handsomely illustrated catalogue Address PRESTON LEWIS GRAY, B. L., Principal, Bingham Schoo, Mebane, N. C

FIVE HUNDRED BOYS WANTED

To get into 500 of our boys suits. DOES YOUR BOY LOOK SHABBY? It's your fault, not ours. We are doing our level best to please the boys. BRING YOUR LAD TO US and let us fix him up in a new suit ready for next Sunday or for school. We are offering boys suits at a great REDUCTION for the next few days for your benefit.

We do save folks money on boys clothes, and will save YOU Money.

Price'll do it--backed by value.

Vanstory Clothing Co.

236 and 238 South Elm St.

One Price and Cash to All.